LOS ANGELES DAILY TIMES.

VOL. X---NO. 73. LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1886. FIVE CENTS.

THE WEATHER.

LOCAL BULLETIN.

LOS ANGELES SIGNAL OFFICE, Aug. 24—At 4:07 a. m. to-day the thermometer registered 58; at 12:07 p. m. 83, and at 7:07 p. m. 68 Barometer for corresponding periods, 29.77, 29.83, 29.78. Maximum temperature, 86.0 minimum, 54.0 Weather at 7:07 p. m., clear.

The Times.

Office—Temple, Main and New High

THE Grand Army is getting even with the Coast.

PRINCE ALEXANDER of Bulgaria seems to have had a pressing invitation to quit

THE candidates and their friends are all here, and the political pot grows ebullient.

THE Plumed Knight opened the campaign in Maine, yesterday, with a stirring address.

THE TIMES will publish, to-morrow morning, sketches of the leading candidates for Governor.

IF there was no split in the late lamented Democratic County Convention, there certainly was a Fissure. *Sabe?*

THERE is disorder in Sofia. With so many patent medicines ably advertised, there is no excuse for this. Sofia should be ashamed of herself.

A BIG oil strike has been made in Pennsylvania. It is needless to say that the Senate Committee on the investigation of Payne was not the lucky discoverer.

"JAYHAWKER" is to the fore with his war-paint on. He was elected a delegate from the Seventh Ward of Oakland by a handsome figure, and will hold the floor of the Convention solid for the TIMES.

THE Democratic State Convention in Tennessee declared in favor of submitting a prohibitory constitutional amendment to the people. Imagine a Democratic convention in the North doing such a thing!

THE Boston Globe has selected a successor for Secretary Bayard in the person of Governor Ireland of Texas. The Globe is of the opinion that Mr. Bayard as Secretary of State "is a colossal and ridiculous failure."

FOR Superior Judge of Santa Barbara county, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Hatch, Captain Thomas McNulta is a candidate, with a good chance of receiving the nomination. He is capable and worthy.

THERE is fun in the phalanxes of the Unterrified. Br'er Fisher passes it to Br'er Lynch in the neck, with an open letter printed on the second page of this morning's TIMES. The openness of that letter is somewhat like unto the frankness of a bear-trap.

THE Washington correspondent of the New York Herald says that "the President will take a gun along with him to keep off correspondents." The President seems to abhor a newspaper man next to a Democratic office-seeker.

"PUBLIC office is a Pan-Electric trust," remarks the New York Sun at the close of a paragraph relative to the appointment of ex-Solicitor Goode as one of the counsel in the suits which the Government has brought against the Bell Telephone Company.

PENNSYLVANIA Democrats are counting on the aid of the Prohibitionists to insure them the next Legislature and a United States Senator. They say that the Prohibitionists will nominate candidates in every Legislative district. The scheme will not work in Pennsylvania.

THE battle of Gettysburg was fought and won by the Union army in four days. The battle between those who claim to have secured that great victory promises to occupy months without a decision in favor of any particular leader. The rank and file of the Army of the Potomac should be considered in this battle of ink.

LORD LONSDALE, the conspicuous figure in the latest English scandal, has under his appointment some forty clergymen, who minister to the spiritual needs of fully 40,000 people. Such facts account for the growing disfavor with which the existing relations between Church and State in England are regarded by men of brains and conscience.

IT is curious what a stir seems to have been made at Washington by the mere fact that Mr. Blaine had sent on for certain documents and correspondence relating to the fisheries, the Cutting affair and other administration performances. Mr. Blaine, as an American citizen of some prominence, is entitled to the freest facilities for informing himself concerning Government affairs.

AMONG a curious collection of old executioners' swords in the Markisches Museum, in Berlin, is preserved the weapon which is believed to have put an end to the life of Von Kalte, the unfortunate friend of Frederick the Great. On both sides runs the inscription: "When I raise my sword on high may may God give the poor sinner eternal life." Another interesting blade is inscribed: "This sword is whetted and I am deputed by God and the authorities to punish wicked people." He was the original knifer from Knifetown.

IN "Jayhawker's" letter in yesterday's TIMES mention was made of Judge Noble Hamilton, Superior Judge of Alameda county, as a man who, more than twenty years ago, made a speech at Haywards on the water question, in which he took the ground that the waters of the State should be used for irrigation, and that the whole system should be under State control in every particular. This fact shows that Judge Hamilton was an original student of the water question, antedating all the wise men who are now attempting to settle the vexed problem by "a slight turn of the wrist", so to speak. "Since the development of the recent scheme in this water matter, the Judge has clearly and forcibly announced himself as opposed to the schemes of the appropriators, as well as those of the irrigators," wrote "Jayhawker." Judge Hamilton is a candidate for Associate Justice, and the Alameda delegation is solid for him.

A PRINCE'S PLIGHT.

Bulgaria's Ruler Imprisoned on a Yacht

WHOSE WHEREABOUTS ARE UNCERTAIN.

The Bulgarian Revolutionists Ready to Fight Among Themselves—Alexander's Friends Becoming Stronger.

Associated Press Dispatches to the Times.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Authentic dispatches from Sofia show that the deposition of Prince Alexander of Bulgaria was accomplished during the night. According to these advices one thoroughly Russianized regiment of cavalry was detained in the city after nightfall, when the other troops returned to their barracks. This regiment, perfectly under the control of the revolutionists, surrounded the palace about two hours past midnight. Alexander was in bed and the palace closed. The revolutionary leaders, with the assistance of soldiers, forced their way into the building, went up to the Prince's antechamber and had him aroused. They bluntly made known to him the purpose of their intrusion. He was stunned, having been taken completely unawares. When he recovered his self-control and realized the utter helplessness of his situation, he bitterly reproached his captors for their treachery. What followed is still rather obscure. The revolutionists declare that Alexander signed a formal abdication of the throne. Others, however, assert that he firmly declined to sign the abdication, and that in consequence of his refusal he was made a prisoner and confined in a remote prison, being told that he would be kept there until he complied with the demands of the revolutionists.

ALARMING STATE OF AFFAIRS.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Telegrams from Widdin say that advices received there from Bulgaria say that there is much discontent among the troops over the change in government, and that a large proportion of the troops are disposed to restore Alexander.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—Reports are current here that Servia has begun to place her army on a war footing.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—All towns in Bulgaria and Roumelia, except Widdin, are in a state of siege. It is rumored at Berlin that Alexander was compelled to abdicate by threats of death.

BULGARIAN TROOPS FAVOR ALEXANDER.

VIENNA, Aug. 24.—The Political Correspondence prints a dispatch from Giurgevo, in Roumania on the Danube opposite Rustchuk, which says that the Bulgarian troops in Eastern Roumelia have issued a pronunciamento in favor of Prince Alexander. The dispatch further says that these Roumelian troops have proclaimed Colonel Mukoroff head of the provisional government which they have organized to oppose the government of Karaveloff, and adds that the inhabitants of Shumla and Tirnova have publicly declared for Alexander and that the movement for his restoration is spreading.

THE PRINCE A PRISONER.

BUCHAREST, Aug. 24.—A yacht supposed to have Alexander on board as a prisoner passed Giurgevo without stopping. The yacht was signaled this morning near Silistria. It is supposed that the revolutionists intend to land on Russian territory. The Roumanian government has taken all necessary steps to protect Alexander if he is landed in Roumania. The yacht was last reported at Ren, Bessarabia, at the junction of the Pruth and Danube. This is Russian territory.

THE PORTE AND THE POWERS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 24.—The Porte has sent a circular to the powers concerning the Bulgarian crisis. The circular says that the deposition of Alexander has left Bulgaria in a position which interests the powers as much as it does Turkey, and asks to be informed of their intention and opinions respecting the situation as soon as possible.

The troops in Eastern Roumelia and at Shumla disapprove of the deposition. Two thousand people who openly favor the restoration of Alexander met yesterday in front of the Russian Consulate in Philippopolis, the capital of Eastern Roumelia, and made a public demonstration of their wishes. The deposition has divided the population of Sofia into two hostile parties, one of which ardently supports the revolution and the other is as warmly espousing the cause of the Prince. Partisanship on both sides has become dangerously heated already, and it is feared that party conflicts of a serious nature will ensue.

THE PRINCE'S PARTY GAINING STRENGTH

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 24.—A second provisional government has been set up in Bulgaria with headquarters at Tirnova. This government is in opposition to that of Karaveloff, and it favors Alexander. Stambouloff was made president of the Tirnova government. He is one of the men whose names were printed in the circular issued yesterday by Karaveloff's government to convince the people that all prominent men of the country supported the revolution.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Telegrams from Bucharest to-day state that a majority of the Bulgarian people have already declared their adherence to Alexander including the soldiers in the Widdin, Nicopolis and Silistria garrisons. Col. Montotorroff, chief of the Roumelian militia has offered to lead the troops to meet Prince Alexander, escort him back to Sofia and replace him on the Bulgarian throne. M. Stambouloff, president of the Tirnova provisional government, acting in concert with Col. Montotorroff has summoned the militia of Bulgaria to service in the interest of Alexander. M. Stambouloff declares that the garrison at Sofia which seconded the revolution is ready to surrender to any government properly representing the deposed Prince, provided the soldiers are assured of amnesty.

DISORDER AT SOFIA.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—A Bucharest dispatch states that disorder prevails in Sofia, and that the outlaying garrisons are awaiting the signal to march on the capital. It is stated that the Roumelian militia are also prepared for active service, and that Alexander's cause is hourly gaining ground.

A BATTLE REPORTED.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The Daily Telegraph says it is stated that a sanguinary encounter has taken place among the troops at Jassy, Roumania, resulting in the killing and wounding of many on both sides.

NOTHING BUT PRAISE.

What the Grand Army Men Say About California.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The G. A. R. delegates from Washington returned last night and were given a re-union reception. They were met at the depot by a large number of comrades and friends, who escorted them to Grand Army hall. Had any Californians been in the hall their well-known modesty would have made them blush to the tips of their ears while listening to the praises which were showered upon them, their hospitality and their State, by the returning delegates and veterans, who were eloquent in expressing their admiration, and made everyone who had stayed at home feel badly because he had not been able to participate. An hour was spent in speech-making, and the banquet wound up the exercises.

NEW HUNTING GROUNDS.

Chiricahuas to be Removed from Arizona.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—There is no longer any reasonable doubt that the Government has fully decided to permanently remove from the Territory of Arizona those of the Chiricahua and Warm Spring bands of Apaches now on the San Carlos reservation. The only important question not yet decided is said to be, where shall they be located? This question, which is regarded as a very important one, has received earnest and thoughtful consideration, and there now seems to be a probability that they will be placed on the Fort Marion military reservation at St. Augustine, Florida, where Chihuahua and his band are now quartered. The smallness of this reservation is, however, regarded as a serious fault, and some other less objectionable place may yet be selected. It is stated that the detention at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, of Chief Chatto and his dozen companions, who were returning to their reservation from a visit to Washington, and who, as well as Geronimo and his band of renegades, belong to the Chiricahuas, was ordered as a precaution against their anticipated bitter opposition to the scheme of removal. It is also stated that the President has given his willing consent to the change, and has placed the details in the hands of Secretary Lamar and Gen. Sheridan, that he warmly approves of the vigorous policy of Gen. Miles, and believes that the peace of the Southwest demands that the hostiles should be pursued until captured or exterminated, and that Geronimo, when captured, should be punished as other perpetrators of high crimes are punished.

THE MEXICAN MUDDLE.

The Cutting Affair Not Ended—The Rasures Case.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—An official telegram has been received from Minister Jackson confirming the press reports of Cutting's release, but giving no particulars. No doubt is entertained at the department that the published statements with regard to the reasons alleged by the Mexicans for their actions are correct. The release will not affect Sedgwick's mission, which is to learn all the facts in the case. The Government does not at present concern itself with any question of damages due Cutting, but will use the information it may gather through Sedgwick in furtherance of its negotiations for a change of the Mexican laws, in so far as they are held to give a right to try Americans for acts committed within American territory.

THE RASURES OUTRAGE.

The Rasures-Mondragon, murder, is still the subject of correspondence; or rather of inquiry, as it appears at present that the only act for which this Government can demand redress is that of kidnapping Rasures, when he was domiciled upon this side of the border line. In no event can it be expected that Mondragon will be surrendered for trial to the American authorities, a special treaty clause intervening to warrant a refusal on Mexico's part to surrender one of her citizens upon any pretext.

THE EASTERN TURF.

Summary of Races at Saratoga and Monmouth Park.

SARATOGA, Aug. 24.—First race, mile and a half—O'Fallon won; Bigonnette second, Editor third. Time, 1:57½.

Second race, three-eighths of a mile, Drake won, Valliant second. Time, 1:18.

Third race, two miles—Elkwood won, Lindon second, Silver Cloud third. Time, 3:34¼.

Fourth race, one and a half miles—Aretino won; Jim Guest second; Little Dan third. Time 2 30.

Fifth race, one and a half miles—Ida Chief won; Mystic second; Disturbance third. Time 2:33½.

MONMOUTH PARK, Aug. 24—First race, one mile—Attorney won; Buckstone second; Lancaster third. Time 1:41½.

Second race, one and a quarter miles—Elgin won; Duke of Montalbon second; Heel and Toe; third. Time 2:12½.

Two-year-olds, three-quarters of a mile—Oriflamme won; Julietta colt second, Faiestep third. Time 1:18.

One mile—Peekskill won; Attorney second; Dry Monopole third. Time 1:44¼.

One and three-quarter miles—Rupert won; Lusetta second; Ten Booker third. Time 3:07.

One and one-sixteenth mile—Valet won; Witch, second; Lizzie Mack, third. Time, 1:53¼.

Hurdle race, one and three-quarter miles—Paloma won; Endeavor, second; Mentmore, third. No time.

UNDER WATER.

A Burmese City Flooded — Many Persons Drowned.

MANDALAY (Burmah), Aug. 24.—One of the embankments of the Irrawaddy river burst in this city yesterday. The break was 300 yards in length, and so rapid was the flow of water that in a few moments the whole district was flooded from four to ten feet deep. Engineers at once cut the dam south of the city to allow the water to subside, but the result of this maneuver is, as yet, unknown. Fifty thousand persons are to-day homeless in the city, their houses and possessions having been either destroyed or submerged. A number of persons were drowned by the sudden inrush of waters; how many has not yet been ascertained. The flooded district had within its territory many of the food-supplying stores, and all of these were swept away. The result will be an approach to famine among the homeless people. The river will not fall sufficiently to permit any attempt at reconstruction of the broken embankment until November. The British military operations are seriously interfered with by the overflow.

MANDALAY (Burmah), Aug. 24.—Many dead bodies are being constantly washed ashore.

The Carmen's Troubles.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—Eleven hundred employes of the Broadway and Seventh Avenue Surface roads were paid off to-day. Superintendent Newell said that since the men refused to accept the terms of the road he will have nothing more to do with them. The employes of the Belt line left work at 4 a. m. They complain of discharges on frivolous pretexts, and also of the increasing hours of work with reduction in wages. The employes of the three roads known as the Forty-second street lines complain of the new time table issued to-day. They claim that they will have to work ten hours daily without eating or rest. A strike will probably be ordered to-night.

Politics in England.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The Ministers, after a long discussion of Parnell's amendment to the address in reply to the Queen's speech, decided to oppose it.

The Unionists have issued a whip against Mr. Parnell's amendment to the address. Mr. Chamberlain will move the adjournment of the debate on the address to-morrow, and on Thursday he will move a division.

Mr. Gladstone will start for Munich to-morrow on a three week's vacation. He has arranged to return, if necessary, at a moment's notice.

The Ventura Democracy.

SAN BUENAVENTURA, Aug. 24.—The Democratic County Convention, which met here to-day, elected the following delegates to the State Convention: J. M. Brooks, Brice Grimes, Peter Donnelley: at large, John McGonigle.

BLAINE

Opens the Campaign in the Pine Tree State.

SOME DEMOCRATIC BLUNDERS EXPOSED.

Secretary Bayard's Bad Breaks in the Cutting Case and Fishery Fuss Handled Without Gloves.

Associated Press Dispatches to The Times.

SEBAGO LAKE, Me., Aug. 24.—James G. Blaine made a speech here to-day, in opening the political campaign in this State for the Republican party. After reviewing the fact of the induction of the Democratic party to power, the speaker touched upon the record made by Congress, and declared that from that record it was shown that the policy of protection vs. free trade was an issue shaped and determined no longer by sectional preference, but had become general and national, affecting the distinct and well-marked line of division between the Republican and Democratic parties. He contended that the hostility of the Democratic party to protection had entailed upon this country vast loss and in many ways, obstructed the progress and development of certain sections. He gave a statistical comparison of the financial condition of the working classes prior to the enactment of the first protection measure as compared with their condition to-day. He spoke of the labor question, contending that a man who could by any prescription remove this discontent and at once restore harmony and happiness would be a philosopher, patriot and statesman. The man who professes to do it, the speaker said, would generally prove to be a compound of empiricism and ignorance. "Perfect freedom to test the virtues and secure the advantages of organization, to exert a strong power through combination," said the speaker, "are certainly among the common rights of all men under a Republican government." He said he could only wish to inquire of labor organizations how, under the rule of free trade, could wages in the United States be kept above the general standard of European wages? He also dwelt upon the fact that the colored men of the South were developing into citizens, and if free trade prevailed, white labor would not only come into competition with the highly skilled and miserably paid laborer of Europe, but the colored laborer would remain subject to the will of white men, receiving inadequate compensation for his own toil and steadily crowding down the compensation of the white laborer.

Mr. Blaine dwelt at great length on the fishery question. He said that the Senate and House having formally terminated the treaty of 1871 by an overwhelming vote, Secretary of State Bayard continued the treaty for six months at the request of the British Minister, extending pledges that the President would recommend the appointment of a commission to decide upon the exact basis of the fishery rights of both nations. The President carried out the promise in the verbatim language of the compact. The speaker characterized the entire proceeding as most extraordinary, contending that the pledge, being held in the British foreign office, robbed the President of his liberty as an executive. When it was ascertained that Congress would not sanction the international commission, "the Dominion of Canada," the speaker said: "with the presumed approval of the Imperial Government began a series of outrages upon American shipping and fishing vessels and fishing crews, seeking in every way to destroy their business and deprive them of their fishing rights. This was done with the deliberate intention and obvious expectation of forcing concessions from this Government." Blaine took up the treaty, and discussed it from the standpoint of Webster, and using the language of that statesman, said that if an American fishing vessel was captured by one of her vessels of war, the crown of England was answerable, as the treaty was made with it and it was not to be expected that the United States would submit their rights to be adjudicated in the petty tribunals of the provinces or allow our vessels to be seized by constables or other petty officers and condemned by the municipal courts of Quebec, Newfoundland and New Brunswick, or Canada.

Mr. Blaine said it would be refreshing if Webster's words could be repeated from official sources to-day. The speaker declared that England and the United States could not go to war except on some point touching the imperial integrity of the one or the other, but the country is weary of hearing that Canadian constables are arresting American crews and that Canadian gunboats are capturing vessels on the high seas flying the American flag.

Regarding the Cutting case, the speaker said that in contrast with the patient endurance with the Canadian outrage was "the unnecessary and undignified display of violence and bravado towards Mexico." He declared that when the United States agreed to accept arbitration as a means of adjusting difficulties with England, the Government was under bonds to the public opinion of the world to offer arbitration to any weaker power as a means of settling a difficulty. Otherwise we placed ourselves on the disreputable attitude of accepting arbitration with a strong power and resorting to force with a weak power. There was no cause for the demonstration. "We cannot" said the speaker "without loss of character and chivalry begin our negotiation with threats of war."

Regarding prohibition the speaker said the Republican party of Maine had been pledged to prohibition from the day of its organization, and had enacted all laws respecting its enforcement and reaffirmed its faith this year. The Democrats were opponents of prohibition, till certain prohibition advocates had adopted the shibboleth. "The Republican party must be killed," and made an alliance with the Democrats. The speaker said against this alliance the Republican party presented its record of uniform support of prohibition and protection of American labor.

Heavy Flow of Oil.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The Tribune's Pittsburg special says: The wildest excitement prevails in the new Shamokin oil fields, on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie road, sixteen miles from Pittsburg. The Marks well, which was flowing at the rate of 350 barrels per day, increased the flow suddenly yesterday to between 2500 to 3000 barrels.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The acting Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Elam O. Kincaid second assistant lightkeeper at Point Conception, Cal.

It is probable that another call for $15,000,000 in 3 per cent. bonds will be made during the second week in September.

Rose on the Tripod.

San Francisco Chronicle.]

Miss Cleveland seems to have joined a very queer magazine establishment in Chicago. She is the sixth or seventh editor that Literary Life has had within three or four years, all her predecessors having been discharged for various trivial causes. The editor claims that he clears $1000 a month, but the magazine was recently attached for debt. It is not an attractive periodical in contributed articles, and certainly Miss Cleveland's editorials, after the first curiosity is satisfied to see how she fills the position, will not bring in many readers. It seems to have been an ill-advised scheme on both sides, and those who are familiar with the history of the magazine declare that Miss Cleveland will yet regret her connection with it.

A NOTABLE FOOL,

Who Made Himself a Catspaw for Others' Spite.

The TIMES of the 19th published part of a letter, signed "One Who Knows," from a person who gave his full name, and said he felt it his duty to expose a certain youth, whom he alleged to have a most rotten record. From this self-same vindicator the TIMES yesterday received the following remarkable letter:

"I wrote an item which you published, signed "One Who Knows," of a young man from Toronto, Canada. Now, if you will kindly publish the following for the sake of the young man who is prostrated from the disgrace of the publication of my letter, as he has lost his place by it. Now I, the undersigned, was hired by a certain party to write that letter, which is a pack of malicious lies, all about him running three girls and being the cause of the party spoken of being divorced.

I wish to state the young man is a stranger to me but the lady who caused this to be written has attempted to blackmail him twice but it proved a failure.

I also wish it stated the party says herself she never meant anything bad about Mr.—I intend to write to him and tell him all, but if you would have this published it will set matters right with the public.

Kindly oblige,
Yours truly,——

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—The collision of the second section of the San Francisco express caused Carrie Swain and her company to arrive here too late to open last night. She will appear to-night, however, in the famous play of "Cad, the Tomboy." The indications are that she will have excellent houses. The San Francisco press is unanimous in her praise.

"Complimentary?"

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: There is a movement to give Horace Bell a complimentary nomination in the Sixth Congressional District Convention next Friday, and one delegate has agreed to second the nomination. It being understood that Bell will withdraw immediately upon the nomination being made. Considering the fact that Bell was the editor of the New Constitution, the organ of the workingman's party, in 1879, which said its meanest and did its worst against the Republicans, it looks to some as though his complimentary nomination would be an insult to the party. It was not very long ago that he wrote an apology for Jeff Davis. When was he a Republican? B. A. S.

A Crack Shot.

Tony Kraker, a local billiard expert, being drunk in Bob Eckert's at 4 o'clock this morning, fired off his revolver, a huge Colt. Officer Mannon tried to disarm him, when Kraker fired at Mannon, the ball passing close to Mannon's head. Kraker was locked up.

Political Information.

A valuable political pamphlet has been prepared by Donald Bruce. The delegates to the State Convention will find it especially interesting. It contains the names of delegates complete, list of candidates, and an infinite variety of useful matter.

Going to Celebrate.

The Spanish-speaking people of the Azusa and vicinity are going to have a grand time on the 16th of September—the anniversary of Mexican independence. Gabriel Ayaygo has been chosen manager of the day.

Nominations to Congress.

San Francisco Chronicle, Aug. 23.]

As the water conspirators are prepared to yield everything to their confederates at Los Angeles so long as they are permitted to name the Judges of the Supreme Court, so the sugar ring and the fur seal ring are willing to yield everything so long as they are permitted to name the members of Congress. It is vital to them to own the Representatives of this coast in the national Legislature.

The Hawaiian Reciprocity treaty has expired. Under the terms of the treaty it does not cease to operate until twelve months after notice of its expiration has been served on Hawaii. That notice has not been served, simply because the leader of the dominant party in Congress was not up to his work. Col. Morrison did not favor the treaty any more than other people. But when it came to driving in the knife under the fifth rib his heart always failed him. So the notice was not served, another year's life was granted to the treaty, and a couple of more millions added to the sugar ring's pile. The fur seal ring is nearly in like case. The lease of Alaska will not expire till 1890, but it is evident that it will either be renewed or a new lease executed under authority from the Fiftieth Congress, whose members are to be elected this fall. Hence the two rings are as one on the necessity of electing members of Congress who will do their bidding in disregard of any duty to the people. The question is whether the Republican party can afford to allow its organization to be used for the purpose of securing the election to Congress of members who shall represent the sugar-ring and the fur seal-ring, and not the people of California. We want new men and good men—men who have backbone.

The Carrandhagginists.

Oakland Enquirer.]

We regard the set of Governor Stoneman in peremptorily adjourning the Legislature as an outrage. No such Constitutional power is intended to be given except to provide for urgent necessity. This necessity did not exist. It might have been necessary to Carr & Haggin who determined to prevent the *sine die* adjournment of the legislative body. We believe it to be part of a most desperate programme. The effort to appropriate the waters of the State for private plunder is failing. The fight is now transferred to the State Conventions by the orders of Carr. It was proper for the Legislature to adjourn if it so desired. It were well had they never been convened in extra session. But for one man to say that they must adjourn to suit his bidding is simply an outrage. It is an act such as a thwarted king might do. The hand of Carr is seen between the lines of the Governor's message, and the Carrandhagginists are dragging into infamy and disgrace the Governor of California.

Colton's Carelessness.

Semi-Tropic.]

Colton is the only town on the route of the Grand Army veterans that published no circulars and made no effort to attract attention of visitors from the far East. While other places of greater or less pretensions made extra efforts to give all available information regarding their resources, advantages and future prospects, Colton remained supremely indifferent and even careless about the impression that the strangers might receive concerning her. Whether this was the result of a want of concert of action, or an oversight, it is a lost opportunity which should have been utilized. Our visitors were anxious to secure all possible information regarding this favored region, not only for their own use, but to take with them to their homes, and Colton certainly should have made a good showing, as it certainly would have done had suitable means been employed.

Put Up the Best.

San Bernadino Index.]

Judging from the material on hand for positions on the State and Congressional ticket, the Republicans this year ought to be able to put into the field the best set of candidates ever presented by the party in this State to be voted for. We trust that nothing will be done hastily, and that the qualifications of each candidate will be thoroughly discussed and weighed before his name is placed upon the Republican ticket. We are going to win the battle this fall, and the Republican party want good, honest and competent officers to run the State Government.

PACIFIC COAST.

A 'Frisco Man's Charge Against W. H. L. Barnes,

ARISING FROM THE HILL-SHARON SUIT.

The Colorado Pool Raises Rates—Races at Petaluma and Nevada—Floods in New Mexico.

Associated Press Dispatches to The Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—Proceedings were instituted to-day in the Supreme Court by James L. Crittenden, attorney for G. W. Tyler, to have W. H. L. Barnes disbarred from the practice of law for alleged attempts to bribe M. Gumpel to give testimony in the Sharon divorce case contrary to his belief, and for the alleged bribery of J. F. McLoughlin, clerk of Mr. Tyler, to remove certain papers connected with said suit from Tyler's office.

MAUD MANNERS MUST STAY IN PRISON.

The Supreme Court has approved the judgment of the lower court in the case of Maud Manners. The girl was convicted of grand larceny in Los Angeles county, and was sent to San Quentin, where, according to the judgment, she will have to remain.

THE LAST OF THE DELEGATES LEAVE.

The last of the delegates to the Republican State Convention left for Los Angeles this afternoon. Among them was Ira G. Hoett, one of the candidates for State Superintendent of Schools.

THE MECHANICS' FAIR.

The twenty-first annual exhibition of the Mechanics' Institute was opened to-day, with the usual exercises, at the Grand Opera House.

RAISING THE RATES.

The Colorado Pool to Raise Freight Tariffs to the East.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—It is learned that at the recent meeting of the Colorado Pool Association at Salt Lake it was decided to make a general increase of freight rates from this coast to Colorado. The new arrangement will go into effect on September 1st. From the California and Oregon terminals to Denver, Pueblo and Colorado Springs the rates will be the same, with a few exceptions, as from Chicago the same points. The exceptions are as follows: From Pacific coast terminals to the Colorado points before mentioned car loads rates on green fruit and oranges will be, $1.40 per 100 pounds; on canned goods, $1.25; dried fruit and raisins, $1.30; wine in the wood, $1.30; wine in cases, $1.90; brandy in the wood, $1.90; brandy in case, $2.10; sugar, $1.20. The rate on clothing for less than car load lots has been fixed at $3; for overalls, etc., denims, $1.90; cigars, $2.10. On nearly all classes of goods there is a slight advance in rates.

PACIFIC COAST RACES.

Spirited Contests at the Nevada and Petaluma Fairs.

PETALUMA, Aug. 24.—The first race at the fair to-day was a mile trot for yearlings, Clara Z winning it in 3:05, Adonis second, Yuluga third.

The second race, trot, three-minute class. Lot Slocum, Armour, Nalensin, Lottie and St. David started. Slocum won the first, second and fourth heats, Armour taking the third. Time, 2:38½, 2:39¼, 2:30¼, 2:37½.

The next was a trot in the 2:27 class. Noucher, Lucille, Como and Blaine started, Voucher winning the race in three straight heats. Time. 2:27½, 2:26, 2:28.

NEVADA, Cal., Aug. 24.—At the fair here to-day in the first trot in the three-minute class there were four starters. Barney won the race in three straight heats. Time, 2:51, 2:52, 2:31¼.

The six-hundred-yard running race was won by Emma in two straight heats. Time of both 32 seconds.

Eight horses started in the trot for the 2:30 class. Apex won the race in three straight heats. Time, 2:32, 2:31¼, 2:30¼.

The trotting race for two-year-olds was won by Nettie. Time, 3:15, 3:16½.

Floods in New Mexico.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Aug. 24.—The recent heavy rains have done much damage to the railroads, while they were of great advantage to stockmen for fall pasturage. Trains on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, both north and south of this city, are blockaded by wash-outs, and no mails have reached this city for the past two days. South of here, at Alamillo, the road is so badly washed out that passengers and mails will have to be transferred, it being several days work to repair damages.

Nearly as Bad.

He was making his first call, and all the formalities of the season were in full blast. She toyed with her fan as she conversed about the gayeties of the winter time. Leisurely strolling into the elegant drawing room came the family dog, a large and intelligent type of the Newfoundland breed. It was a warm evening, and the dog came in with his mouth open and his tongue protruding from his mouth. He made directly for the hostess, who manifested great uneasiness at the sight of the unexpected animal. As the dog came near the young woman dropped her fan, mounted first the heavy upholstered chair and then the center table.

Seeing the unusual performance, the young man followed suit and was soon on top of the marble mantelpiece, to which place of safety he invited his hostess. Meanwhile the dog, the cause of the commotion, crawled under the sofa, preparing himself to take a nap.

"When was he taken?" asked the young man, as he balanced himself amid the mantel ornaments.

"Oh, he's been that way all summer," replied the young woman.

"It's a strange he doesn't try to bite us, isn't it?" continued the young man.

"Oh, he wouldn't bite anybody," remarked the young hostess.

"Why, hasn't he got the hydrophobia?"

"No," replied she, "he's got fleas, and that's pretty near as bad."—Exchange.

Stearns for Lieutenant Governor

Santa Barbara Press.]

It is generally conceded by the press of the State that our townsman, John P. Stearns, will receive the nomination for Lieutenant Governor, and that no man in Southern California has sufficient strength to receive the nomination for the head of the ticket. Mr. Stearns received 141 votes for this office in the last State Convention, which was very flattering, considering that his name was mentioned only a few days in advance.

The Southern California delegation, so far as we can learn, will be solid for Stearns for the second place on the ticket, and there is every reason to believe that no opposition to him will come from the northern part of the State, as that much recognition is due us. Mr. Stearns is justly entitled to the honor of this nomination, if any man in the State can be said to be entitled to be thus recognized, for faithful adherence and valuable services to his party and to the State.

There are twenty Senators whose terms expire with the next term of Congress. Of these there are several of the most eminent men of the Republican party. From New England are Senators Edmunds of Vermont, Dawes of Massachusetts, Hawley of Connecticut, Hale of Maine. The terms of Harrison of Indiana, Sawyer of Wisconsin, Warner Miller of New York, Conger of Michigan, McMillan of Minnesota, Van Wyck of Nebraska and Mitchell of Pennsylvania also expire.

Don't Think He Can Do It.

Oakland Enquirer.]

It appears that W. B. Carr was not satisfied with capturing the Republican delegates from Kern county, but he also engineered the Democratic primaries, and set up a delegation whom he can control under all circumstances. The laborers from Haggin's big ranch were taken into Bakersfield and the smaller towns of the county, and marched up to the polls to cast ballots for Carr's ticket. In one or two cases the ballots cast at the primary outnumbered the whole registered vote of the precinct. Some leading Democrats refused to have anything to do with such a farce. These are the facts which we find stated in the Kern county Echo. Of course Carr carries the Democratic delegation from Kern in his pocket, and will vote in the way which will best favor his schemes. Carr is seeking to run both the Republican and Democratic State conventions, but we don't think he can do it.

Her Big Brother.

Sacramento Bee.]

We have read carefully through the "Literary Life," of which Rose Elizabeth Cleveland is editor, and we have formed this opinion of her talents—her brother is President.

Bend the Pin.

Oakland Enquirer.]

The Los Angeles Convention should put a bent pin under the Legislature which will cure it of the wish to sit any more.

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR OFFICE.

For County Treasurer.

E. N. MCDONALD, of Wilmington, is a candidate before the Republican Convention for the office of COUNTY TREASURER.

J. T. HADDOX, of El Monte, announces himself as a candidate for COUNTY TREASURER, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

For County Surveyor.

JOHN GOLDSWORTHY announces himself as a candidate for COUNTY SURVEYOR, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

For County Assessor.

J. W. MYERS, of Newhall, announces himself as a candidate for COUNTY ASSESSOR, subject to the action of the Republican Convention.

C. C. MASON, of Fulton Wells, announces himself as a candidate for COUNTY ASSESSOR, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

Special Notices.

Division of the Urmston Tract.—Notice is given to the subscribers of the Urmston Tract that a meeting for the subdivision of interests will be held at Turnverein Hall, on SATURDAY, August 28, at 11 a. m. SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LAND CO., 244 N. Main st.

G. A. R.—Frank Bartlett Post No. 6 meets every TUESDAY EVENING in Good Templar's Hall, N. Main st. A cordial invitation extended to all visiting Comrades. HORACE BELL, P. B., SAM KUTZ, Adjutant.

Five Cents a Line.

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—The best of help for the best of places, for all work, at Employment Office in E. H. Hyde's T Store, Pasadena. S. HAYS, formerly of 35 S. Spring st., Los Angeles.

WANTED—A Good dining-room girl at the Clifton House.

WANTED—Three architectural draughtsmen. Gaskin, Rose & Boring.

WANTED—Fifty girls at 12 Court st.

WANTED—Twenty men for canvassers, at 12 Court st., to make $100 per month.

WANTED—A man with some practical experience in mining, with $1000, to take either an interes or work for wages. In latter case, ample security will be given for the money. Address P. O. Box 966, Los Angeles.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 852 Temple st.

WANTED—General Employment and Intelligence Office. Males and females wishing employment, and citizens wanting help can save time and expense by calling on MRS. E. H. MOORE, 21 S. Main street.

WANTED—Ladies wanting help and girls wanting situations will be honestly treated by M. CHESTER, 35 n. Spring st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—By two boys, 11 and 12 years old, for ranch or office work. address 120 Wall st.

DRESSMAKING—A first-class dressmaker would like to make engagements in families. Call at 129 Fort st. cor. Temple.

SEWING—A lady capable of cutting and fitting would like to sew for a few families by the day. MILLAR BLOCK, 37 S. Fort st., Room 6.

SITUATION—For light work by a young girl. Address 9 Jackson st.

WANTED—Position as steam engineer; first-class reference given. Address M. A., Times office.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—To let contracts for cutting from 100 to 500 cords of willow stove wood. W. W. FARLIN, 31 Orange st.

WANTED—Three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address FREMANET, P. O. Box 1322.

WANTED—A cheap ticket to Sacramento or San Francisco. 221 S. Fort st.

WANTED—Room and board in a private family for gentleman and wife. Address DOCTOR, this office.

WANTED—To rent a house of 8 rooms west of Main and north of Pico st.; middle of September or 1st October. J. D. BETHUNE, U. S. Land office.

WANTED—Two $5000 loans on first-class pieces of real estate on ranch property; worth four times the amount. L., P. O. Box 109.

WANTED—A Gordon press-feeder. Apply at Express Printing Co., 17 W. First.

WANTED—Lady Agents to canvass for the self-regulating steam cooker. Call for or address BRADFORD, at 33 S. Fort st.

WANTED—About September 1st, three furnished rooms for light housekeeping, best to center

LOS ANGELES DAILY TIMES.
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Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice as second class matter.

The Times.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1886.

$10 Reward.

The above reward will be paid by this office for the apprehension and conviction of any person stealing the TIMES *from the doors of its subscribers.*

The Judges.

The TIMES is constrained to repeat and reinforce to-day its position of yesterday in favor of the nomination of the candidates for Associate Justice in the very outset of the convention and before the platform is adopted. This course is perfectly feasible, with the concurrance of the majority of the convention, which we believe can be had on a proper presentation of the case. The propriety and advantage of such a course are obvious. If pursued, it will take these nominations out of the category of purely political offices, where they do not beleng, and do away with the opportunity and the temptation to trade and dicker over places which should be above such things.

We wish to impress upon the convention the grave necessity of taking the utmost care in the nomination of the judicial ticket. It cannot afford to make any mistake in this matter. It it does make a mistake; if it does nominate improper men in an improper manner, the result will surely be disastrous.

We indorse freely what the San Francisco Chronicle says, when it declares: "No words are too emphatic to characterize the attempt of Carr and his associates to get control of the Supreme Court. It is a blow at the vital part of our political system. Congresses and legislatures may pass all the laws they please to secure popular liberty, but if the courts, whose prerogative it is to interpret these laws, become tools in the hands of conspirators, the laws will be in vain. It would be better for us to relinquish the right of electing representatives to Sacramento than to suffer the independence of the judiciary to be crushed. As, in former days, fearless judges constituted the only bulwark against the tyranny of kings, so now an incorruptible judiciary is the only protection the people have against spoliation by monopolies. If once we suffer the establishment of a precedent that judges may be chosen for the express purpose of rendering decisions to order, we shall surrender the only safeguard we have against public robbery by rings. The surrender of all the water of Southern California to Carr and his associates would be a small evil in comparison with the surrender of an independent judiciary.

"And yet, this is what the prior appropriators have undertaken to accomplish. After the exhibition which Carr has given of his methods at Sacramento, his support or the support of his friends, of any candidate for Supreme Judge will raise the presumption that that candidate is in the water-grabbers' camp, and ought to be sufficient to defeat him before the convention. The people of California want for Supreme Court judges men of legal learning, and above all men of probity, who will interpret the law not as their friends want, but as their conscience dictates. The rank and file of the Republican party cannot afford to elect judges because of their views on this or that question which happens to be prominent at the time of election. It must be remembered that they will hold office for twelve years, and that it will be next to impossible to get rid of them if they prove incapable or dishonest, or unwilling to [illegible]k. In the course of the next twelve years an infinite number of questions are likely to arise and to come before the Supreme Court for settlement. A lawyer who sets such small store on his honor as to be willing to buy a nomination for judge now, by pledging himself to decide in favor of those who nominate him, will make more trades after he is elected; if he sells justice to get on the bench, he will sell justice from the bench.

"If Carr dictates the nominations of Supreme Court judges at Los Angeles the future historian will record that no one act contributed more potently to the overthrow of the Republican party in California than the attempt to make the highest Court in the State subservient to the schemes of a party of water monopolists."

The Supreme Court.

One half of the State of California lies south of a line drawn east and west through Merced, fifty miles south of Stockton.

From this half of the State no Judge of the Supreme Court, except Mr. Justice Ross, has been taken, since California became a State!

Four Justices of that court, elected from, and resident in, San Francisco, remain on the bench after the coming election.

In view of this fact, the delegates to the Republican State Convention will see how entirely reasonable it is for Southern California to ask for one of those Judges to be nominated. [illegible] Brunson is our candidate.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

[This is the TIMES-MIRROR'S Public Forum. Those who would stand thereon must first give the editor their real names and be responsible for their opinions and statements. Cultivate brevity, clearness of style and timeliness; write plainly and on live topics, and use one side of the sheet only. Every contribution received by the editor is patiently and impartially considered, but we do not, of course, undertake to print everything sent us.]

The Water Question.

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: The attention of the delegates to the Republican State Convention is respectfully called to the following points relative to the water question. The case of LUX vs. Haggin decides —

First—"A private corporation cannot divert the waters of a water-course and thereby deprive the riparian proprietors of all use of the same without compensation made or tendered, to such proprietors.

Second—"The owners of land by or through which a water-course naturally and usually flows have a right of property in the waters of the stream.

Third—"This property may be taken for a *public use*, just compensation being first made or paid into court.

Fourth—"Water to supply 'farming neighborhoods,' is a public use, and it is for the Legislature to determine whether, in the exercise of the power of eminent domain, it is necessary or expedient to provide further legal machinery for the appropriation (on due compensation) of private rights to the flow of running streams and the distribution of water to public uses.

Fifth—"One private person cannot take his property from another, either for the use of the taker or for an alleged public use, without any compensation paid or tendered. Const. Art. 1, sec. 14.

Sixth—"Riparian owners may reasonably use water of the stream for purposes of irrigation."

Wherein is this decision unfair or unjust? Again, Justice Ross, in his dissenting opinion, (fourth, West Coast Reporter, 273,) lays down an important principle, which appears to have been lost sight of by all parties to this controversy, viz., "The doctrine of appropriation as contradistinguished to that of riparian rights," was not intended to, and indeed could not, affect the rights of those persons holding under grants from the Spanish or Mexican governments—first, because the doctrine is expressly limited to the waters upon what is known as the public lands; and, secondly, because the rights of such grantees are protected by the treaty with Mexico and the good faith of the Government. It is the rights of such riparian proprietors as *those* that are unaffected by the doctrine of appropriation, and *those* are the riparian rights that are excepted from the operation of the provisions of the civil code in relation to "Water rights," by section 1422 of that code, which reads: "The rights of riparian proprietors are not affected by the provisions of this title." And Chief Justice Morrison and Justice Myrick concurred in the dissenting opinion of Justice Ross.

The scope of this principle, upon which the entire court are a unit (except as to the limitation expressed by Justice Ross) will be appreciated in all that portion of Southern California covered by Spanish or Mexican land grants; and delegates and their constituents who may not be informed as to what was really decided in the case of Lux vs. Haggin, or who have been misled by the glaring misrepresentation of that decision by the "appropriators" or their organs, will at once perceive that all communities carved out of Spanish or Mexican grants have "vested" rights of which neither the Legislature nor the courts can deprive them "without just compensation," and that their rights rest on the "riparian doctrine."

Again: The present laws relating to appropriation, while they may be amended to limit the quantity which may be hereafter appropriated,—by any one person—and perhaps in other respects, are sufficient for the purpose.

Rights heretofore acquired under existing laws, cannot be divested by any amendments to the Constitution, or any acts of the Legislature.

Any attempt to do so will simply subject the people to a series of suits to determine the force and effect, the validity or invalidity of such amendments or acts, and in the mean time titles to land and water are clouded and the timid Eastern capitalist who is pouring into "Southern California" will refuse to invest until these questions are settled. No man desires to "buy into a lawsuit." Where, then, is our "boom?" In this connection, we desire information on the question, "Is it a fact that Carr and his friends are attempting to secure the delegates from the northern portions of the State, to vote for a resolution indorsing the appropriators, with a view to securing such legislation as will involve us in litigation, and enable them to point with pride to the 'Northern Citrus Belt,' where irrigation and water litigation are unknown?" We do not believe this can be accomplished, if the delegates understand the situation. Many are in favor of the State controlling all the water. This seems to be impracticable. The water would have to be purchased by the State, and a new army of officers, to "run the machine," would make life a burden to the poor irrigators. The only relief that appears to be possible, is to pass laws to secure the equitable distribution of the water—among the owners of the rights to its use—by men elected or appointed by themselves in the various districts where irrigation is practiced.

A SOUTHERN CALIFORNIAN.
Los Angeles, Aug. 24.

Who Shall It Be!

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: This question was asked in your paper this morning by John Murray: "Who shall it be?" That is, who shall receive the nomination of the Republican Convention about to convene for Governor of California?

I can answer the question who it ought to be, fully, freely and positively. Hon. John F. Swift is the man. I say that without hesitation, from a personal acquaintance with his of over forty-five years. The Chronicle has struck the keynote, and what further can I or any man say? *Honesty, integrity* and *ability* are the qualifications that tower high above all in our present campaign. One thing sure, John F. Swift has always been on the *right side* of the fence. He has made his record, like Grant, Lincoln, Blaine, Logan, and a host of others. He has always been a friend of the oppressed, with a peculiarly marked ability from childhood to the present.

Yours, D. C. ROBERTS.
Los Angeles, Aug. 24.

Regarding Judge Brunson.

From the Political Record, S. F.]

EDITOR POLITICAL RECORD: Will you confer a favor on one of your subscribers by calling the attention of Delegates to the Republican State Convention, soon to meet in Los Angeles, to the fact that Judge Brunson of that city, is a candidate for the nomination of Judge of the Supreme Court. Judge Brunson stood at the head of the Los Angeles Bar while he practiced his profession, and his elevation to the Superior Judgship gave great satisfaction, both to his brother lawyers and the general public. As a lawyer, his pleas before the Supreme Court attracted great attention from the bench. I myself heard one of the Supreme Judges say that he was one of the ablest lawyers that had appeared before the court. His clearness of reasoning, his great knowledge of the law and the grace and eloquence of his arguments have seldom been equalled and never excelled. His qualifications are so well koown, his honesty and uprightness of character so unquestioned, the justice and correctness of his decisions from the bench so acquiesced in by so large a majority of the public, that his nomination would be almost equivalent to an election. Judge Brunson is a Republican in his political affiliations and principles, but would always give his rulings and decisions in strict conformity with law, with right and justice regardless of any political questions or side issues. It would afford me, as well as his numerous friends, great pleasure to see him nominated.

CITIZEN.
San Francisco, Aug 17.

THE MAN AND THE HOUR.

The Republican State Convention—John F. Swift.

San Francisco Bulletin, Aug. 23.]

The convention about to assemble in Los Angeles will insure a victory or defeat, according to the wisdom or lack of wisdom which may shape its proceedings. If the Republican party, now presumably having a majority ranging from seven to ten thousand, starts out with a weak candidate for Governor, it will invite almost sure defeat. As sure as such a mistake is made, the Democratic Convention, soon to assemble, will seize the opportunity to nominate its strongest man. It will nominate a man from this city, who has heretofore run ahead of his ticket from six thousand to seven thousand votes. That majority in this city—easy to be obtained if a weak candidate is put up on the Republican side—would insure a Democratic victory in this State.

There are 103 delegates elected from this city to the Republican State Convention. These delegates, with few exceptions, were elected through boss manipulation. They do not fairly represent the intelligence and moral worth of the Republican party. There are a few exceptions. Here and there a delegate appears who is quite independent of the bosses. With these exceptions the delegates from this city may be considered as committed to the support of the weakest man who seeks the nomination for Governor—for the man who has the most moneyed influence behind him and the strongest sympathy for monopolies of all kinds. This influence can only be overcome by the delegations from the interior cities and counties, who may be earnestly bent on supporting the best man to head the State ticket.

It is of vital interest now to apopt a sound and safe policy of State administration. The State is about to enter upon a new era of growth and industrial development. It is not long since it emerged from a speculative and gambling era. The next ten years in the matter of development will be the most important decade ever known in the history of the State, provided the grabbers and gamblers can be kept in the background. This week they have summoned all their forces to shape the administrative policy of California, not only for ten years, but for all time. The water-grabbers, and all who are working in the interests of the monopolists, want a weak man for Governor. They hate a strong, independent man who cannot be used, as the devil hates holy water. They will do their utmost to nominate a weak man, and to put judges on the bench who will give judicial sanction to their policy.

The Republican party is now on the crest of the wave. If it goes wrong at this juncture, it will fall into the trough of the sea and remain there completely water-logged. Every water-grabber in the State is indirectly conspiring to bring about just this result. Are we to have another era of pestilent politics, or one of sound and wholesome State administration? Is the Republican party not able to take wise advantage of the mistakes and inexcusable errors, the result largely of a very weak man whom the opposite party has placed in the gubernatorial chair? There never was a better opportunity for the Republican party to put its stamp upon the wisest and best administration ever provided for the State. It can render a great and lasting public service by this means. Is it now equal to the grand opportunity before it? It has already come to the edge of the precipice, led there by the bosses and grabbers. If it goes over it is broken by the fall. If it turns squarely to the right it is sure of the victory.

This is the situation on the eve of the Republican Convention about to convene at Los Angeles. A majority of the delegates from this city have been elected by jobbers and bosses. It is not expected that they will in any manner represent the best elements and the best convictions of the Republican party. There is no concealing this fact. And yet it was never more apparent than to-day that the majority of the Republican voters of this city want a candidate for Governor who is too proud and too honest to buy his nomination. They want a man of brains and capacity to shape a good State administration. A man who has never been mixed up with the grabbers and jobbers, and whose sympathies are with clean and honest people. John F. Swift in all these respects meets the views of the better elements of the Republican party of this city especially, as well as of the State. It is not doubted that other candidates who are not the especial favorites of the bosses of this city have also an honorable desire to serve the State creditably. But among good candidates there is always a choice.

John F. Swift is a man of courage, learning and unquestioned ability. He has made the water question a study, has visited many countries, examined there the prevailing water systems, and has a fund of knowledge obtained from observation beyond that of any candidate or public man in California. He believes that an altogether just and equitable water system can be devised for this State—one where no wrong shall be done while the greater public interests shall be subserved. Just now, when the water-grabbers are leagued together, and have already taken steps to appropriate all the water of every important stream in the State, without regard to equity, a man is wanted who understands the whole question—who knows all the water systems of other countries, and who will here employ his great ability to shape a water system which shall secure the utmost utilization of water for the prosperity of all agricultural industries.

The people of this State do not want to come under a policy similar to that of the Spring Valley Water Company, nor that of other monopolists who are in league with that corporation. They do not want water speculators, some of whom have already made water dearer than bread. We do not want a reign of water kings, nor a class of dependents upon them as poor and as abject as the fellahs of Egypt.

The greater Republican party, not under the influence of bosses, the men who have a way of appearing at the polls with a good degree of independence, want a good ticket. It may be set down in advance that there are several thousand in all who will not vote for a bad ticket, a weak one, nor even for a doubtful one. They want good candidates for Judges—men of learning and character, who are above the suspicion of all selfish control. If they do not find these candidates for Judges on the Republican ticket, they will seek for them on the Democratic ticket, and if they do not find them there, they will frame a judicial ticket which meets these just and honorable requirements. The demand is for good men all through the ticket.

There are something like a million of dollars in Washington which properly belong to the school fund of the State. It ought to be turned into the rightful channel. Is it not possible to nominate and elect members of Congress and a Surveyor General who will have an honorable ambition to do something in behalf of this great educational interest? We want a sound business man for Railroad Commissioner—one who can master the difficult questions which may come before him—not small partisans who seek the place merely for the emoluments. This, to-day, is the spirit of the Republican party, as we interpret it. If the Convention is controlled by that spirit, victory is pretty certain. If it is controlled by the ignoble policy represented by the bosses, defeat is equally certain.

The Republican State Convention.

The San Francisco Bulletin, Aug. 21.]

The Republican State Convention will assemble at Los Angeles on Wednesday next. The delegates from this city will leave on Monday. The prospects of the party to carry the State are decidedly good, providing no mistakes are made. There will have to be a strong State ticket and a judicious platform. The office of Governor will be the center of the battle. A strong man at the head of the ticket could do more toward insuring its success than a dozen equally strong men lower down on it. So a weak or unreliable candidate for Governor, if the opposite party should put up a strong man for the same position, would promise nothing so sure as defeat.

But there are offices, which are really of more importance to the people than the Governorship. First in this class is to be ranged the judiciary. There are three Justices of the Supreme Court to be nominated. Under the Constitution, as it now reads, they will hold office for twelve years. The greatest discrimination will have to be exercised in making the selections, for it is well known that there is a movement on foot to subordinate the judiciary to politics, and to secure decisions by the agency of political conventions. If we enter on the business of making courts and law to order, there is no knowing where we shall finally bring up. The parties who are now seeking to prey on the people of the State, will, in their turn, have to stand to their guns.

Next in importance to the Supreme Justices comes the comparatively obscure office of Surveyor-General. The revelations that have recently been made by Robert Gardner in these columns, show how intimately the cause and progress of education in this State, from the preparatory school to the University, is connected with that office. The whole business of lieu lands has become so highly specialized that an expert is required to deal with it. Had it not been for the light thrown on the subject by Mr. Gardner, education would have lost heavily in consequence of the enormous percentage which an unnecessary Claim Agent in Washington came near securing. This is a question of which the Republican party is expected to take hold with firmness and vigor.

If common-sense sways the convention the present Congressmen will be re-nominated. There is a great loss of political power in changing representatives in Washington, unless for cause.

ON THE OTHER SIDE.

A Los Angeles Man Traveling in the East.

Correspondence of the TIMES.]

GREAT BEND, Pa., Aug. 17.—Will you please be kind enough to send the TIMES to Rochester, Fulton county, Ind., box 47, and discontinue sending it to Janesville, Wis., (to my address). I cannot well do without the TIMES. As one is highly pleased at meeting an old friend away from home, so I am truly delighted to read the daily doings of friends in dear old Los Angeles in the TIMES.

It is better than a visit from an old friend—for it is a visit from many friends, and after I have assured myself that I have overlooked nothing, I find every one here fully as eager to read them as I am myself.

One gets tired answering thousands of questions about that far-off and most popular country—unless (like myself) he is so entirely in love with it, that it is a pleasure to speak, on all occasions, and in all places of its merits.

I hear many prayers for rain—rain—in all this land—and repeated wailings of "no crops" unless we get rain."

In some places, with ample cause; in others, much less so. For I must say that in many localities the drouth is badly exaggerated. Through the southeastern part of Nebraska, the southern part of Iowa, the northern part of Kansas, and southern Illinois and Indiana, where I have been, the crops are fully up to an average.

Northern Indiana, and especially northern Illinois and southern Wisconsin, are suffering badly for rain. I have seen many fields of corn, west and northwest of Chicago, and in southern Wisconsin, that will not even make cow feed, though it should rain in abundance, as it is *too late* to save them.

Early planting of corn and small grains is much better. A Californian, used to thrift and rapid improvements, increase in real estate values and in population, is forcibly struck with the comparison between his prosperous country and most of the Eastern, and even Western, States, and particularly the southern portion of them. Going south from Centralia, Illinois, on the Illinois Central Railroad, I was admiring the country as nature made it—beautiful level prairies, with rich soil, good water, healthy climate, and nothing lacking that I could see but "California push" and enterprise to make it a Paradise on earth. And while thus meditating and gazing upon this beautiful landscape, my next neighbor in the cars, an old settler (and farmer) in the next town — Odin, Illinois — noticed my admiration, as I supposed, and thus spoke to me. Pointing his finger out of the car-window, he said;

"Do you see that thar?"

"Very nice," I remarked.

"Well, years ago I wrote to a friend in old Kentuck' to come and buy several thousand acres of that land. And he came and bought it for $2.50 per acre, and kept it a couple of years and sold it for $10."

"Pretty good," I said, "and how much is it worth now?"

"Well, I recon it would not fetch that much now. Hit mout and hit mout'nt."

As the old man was an old citizen and seemingly posted and truthful, I could not disbelieve him, but thought to myself: Yes, that is very nice and good, but I don't want any in mine, for I might want to sell some time.

At Odin I turned east, on the Louisville and Nashville road, and soon left the beautiful prairies and passed through a broken, timbered country—in places the soil about an inch thick, and, to my wonder, the crops seemed quite good in many places; but everything showed a lack of Yankee push and enterprise. Now and there a native, in butternut breeches, with the old-fashioned cradle, cutting grain among the stumps—a log cabin, numerous bare-headed, barefooted and dirty children, and a half-dozen lank and starved dogs. I looked for the man with the grist of corn on his way to the mill, with grist in one end of the bag and a stone in the other; but, in some mysterious way, I missed him. In passing a station, as we stopped for water, I stepped into a little 12x14 shanty, with a sign over the door, "Drug Store." They kept for sale anything from a spool of thread to a sack of flour, a dose of pills or a drink of beer. As I stood looking on a lean specimen of human nature in butternuts came sauntering in, as though on his last pins, with a dirty handkerchief in one hand, in which he carried his "stock of commercial trade." This dialogue followed: "Buy eggs?" "Yes." "How much you give?" "Seven cents a dozen." "I've got a dozen. I want it in morphine." The clerk counted them out and found eleven only. Eleven eggs, at 7 cents per dozen, all in morphine? I give it up; but the good-natured clerk made the calculation and gave him the morphine; and from his actions a lack of surprise in his countenance, I concluded such trades were no new thing. I had seen quite enough; and as the train moved on, I moved with it, and no longer wondered that property in that part of the Lord's vineyard did not increase in value a cent in a decade.

More anon—perhaps.

J. R. MILLARD.

A Pastoral Call.

From Tid-Bits.]

Rev. Mr. Lawson (continuing his conversation):—And as I came in, Mrs. Buggins, I became convinced that Mr. Buggins had at last experienced a change of heart. I saw him praying in the garden on his bended knees.

N. B.—Buggins was digging worms for a Sunday fishing trip, and she knew it.

Newspapers of the World.

The newspapers of the world, according to statistics given by the German Secretary of State, number 34,000, with an aggregate distribution of 592,000,000 copies; 19,000 are printed in Europe, 12,000 in North America, 775 in Asia, 809 in South America; 16,500 are in English, 7800 in German, 1630 in French and 1000 in Spanish.

AN OPEN LETTER

To Joseph D. Lynch, Editor of the Los Angeles Herald.

DEAR SIR:—As you are aware, it has been a custom as old as the organization of political parties to consider, in a public way, the fitness of a man who asks the support of a constituency for a public office. It is generally known, I believe, that you are an aspirant for the Democratic nomination for Congress in this, (the Sixth) District. You therefore render yourself an object of fair criticism. I shall have nothing to do with personalities. It is only your journalistic record, as a Democrat, I shall consider.

It may also be as well to say in the beginning that I avail myself of a Republican newspaper as a means of communication with the Democrats of this Congressional district because I have no alternative. Still, there is a certain fitness in the selection of the TIMES, because, after all that may be said, the fact remains that it always has been, under its present management, a journal that has displayed the courage of its convictions, which is more than can be said of the *quasi* Democratic sheet over whose editorial columns you have presided for some years.

You know, sir, that a Democratic convention was held in the city of Los Angeles last Saturday, August 21st, and no doubt are fully posted as to its proceedings, as two of your reporters were present as delegates, one of whom acted as reporter. I take it for granted, therefore, that you are aware that I offered a set of resolutions which reaffirmed certain well-known Democratic principles, the last resolution being to the effect that the convention should refuse to indorse or recommend any man for office who could not show a satisfactory record in behalf of the people as against the aggressions of the monied powers. Some of your adhere nts seeing the passage of those resolutions would at once close every avenue to your support by the Los Angeles delegation at the District convention, at once commenced their demagogic maneuvers. It was moved to lay the resolutions on the table. Then the resolutions were attacked as "cowardly and undemocratic" "an insult to the convention," etc. This bravado and trickery threw the convention off its guard and at the same time gave the duller element of your henchmen time to catch the cue, and the resolutions were voted down amidst the confusion that followed, leaving the friends of the resolutions (who did not vote at all, except a few) staring in silent amazement at what had been done. All of these proceedings sir, including the resolutions, were not reported in the columns of your "valuable Democratic organ," notwithstanding you had two reporters on the floor. (The dearth of your entire report, as compared with the TIMES [Republican] is patent to all readers, who do not confine themselves to the chunks of wisdom and flamboyant prognostications that are embraced in your super satisfied outgivings.) Well, no course has been left open to me save to publish this open letter.

Now as to your record:

Perhaps you are not aware, as I am, how often and repeated and persistent, for some years past, were the complaints—and not infrequently there were curses, "not loud but deep"—because of the reprehensible course of the Herald towards its own party. At times your paper was found halting or retreating, when it should have rushed to the front with a fury that knows no such thing as defeat. At other times it was known to be temporizing and coquetting with the enemies and oppressors of the people, when it should have kicked them with the vengeance of an infuriated mule. And ever and anon it was found indulging in maunderings as vague as the expositions of a theosophist, or as obscure as the lecture of a Concord philosopher, when it should have spoken in language as terse and clean-cut as the statement of a mathematical problem. It was the continuous want of courage and fidelity that called forth such a varied criticism from the faithful members of the party. At times the whole scale of censure was sounded, from the ringing tenor of derisive laughter down to the basso profundo of unmitigated anger. It was the skulking in the rear with the baggage train, when it should have been at the front where the battle was raging, that so often brought the Herald into contempt in the camp of what ought to have been its steadfast friends.

But, to be specific: I shall touch upon only a few prominent occasions in which the Herald has been derelict, but they are so distributed as to show that there has been no improvement up to a recent date. A large number of Democrats, as well as Republicans, will recall the Glenn-Perkins-White contest for Governor. The Herald—if I may be allowed to use figurative language—kicked White and spat upon Glenn, while it purred around Perkins as lovingly as a pet kitten. Yet the first and last named gentlemen were both Democrats, and Glenn was nominee of the Democratic party. In other words, the "leading Democratic organ of Southern California" seemed to have exhausted its inventive powers in the coinage of a vocabulary that would say as little as possible for the Democratic nominee and as much as possible for the Republican candidate. Many Democrats in this end of the State still retain a vivid remembrance of these facts.

At another time, when Charles A. Sumner—one of the brightest, most clear-headed, courageous men that ever carried the Democratic banner on the Pacific coast—went to Congress, and made an attack upon the corporations, the Herald had nothing but slurs and depreciative criticism for him. But when the young man won a position among the representative men of the Nation by his courage and talents, the Herald then began to tack, and afterwards, in noticing Sumner's efforts in behalf of postal telegraphy, be-slimed him with fulsome compliment that was simply nauseating to those whose memories had not failed them.

The Herald's treatment of the Railroad Commissioners will also be remembered. About the only vigorous thing it did in this connection was to belabor poor Beerstecher, that every body was kicking. The course of this "leading Democratic organ" towards Stoneman and Foote, and its general attitude on the reduction of fares and freight will also be recalled. During these times the Herald was never soundly Democratic, because it was not fearlessly and aggressively on the side of the people. The fact is, in all the contests between the people and the monopolies, this "Democratic organ" has been silent, apologized, or squeaked out its condemnation in penny-trumpet tones, when it should have been heard in bugle-blasts that would have almost brought a smile of satisfaction upon the skeleton face of Rhoderick Dhu.

Then, there is the question of the payment of the railroad taxes. The Herald, if I remember aright, never exerted itself very hard to help swell the tide of popular indignation that would compel the monopolies to recognize the fact that corporations are entitled to no privileges that are denied to private citizens.

The last specific charge I make against the Herald is its well-known treatment of the Democratic nominee for Congress, Del Valle. That was only a short time ago, and it is fresh. There was a great deal of feeling because of its lukewarmness, and some of those who were severest in their condemnation are now the loudest-mouthed in behalf of you, its editor, for Congress. I am not familiar with the hocus-pocus that produced this change; but I am quite certain that the Herald and Democrats of its ilk helped to defeat Del Valle. The half-hearted support which your so-called party paper gave to the party nominee, I undertake to say, is almost unparalleled in the history of partisan journalism, and I haven't the least doubt that its editorial head was glad of the defeat. This hesitancy and covert opposition to Del Valle was so palpable that the writer of this article was induced to publish a small campaign weekly, because it was feared that the party would have nothing in the way of a paper at Los Angeles that could be confidently trusted. These facts are well remembered.

These are, of course, many questions of a general nature upon which you have been soundly democratic. But the special ground of objection to you is that you have always been a political bushwhacker, and not a steady, faithful partisan. And in following your own sweet will, you have thought more of the flesh-pots than you have of the great and enduring principles of the Democratic party. Hence you were always hesitating and vascillating and temporizing, and when a straightforward course in behalf of your party seemed to jeopardize your standing with the corporations, you could never be relied upon.

I do not wish to be misunderstood in this discussion. I am not attacking corporations as such. It is only when they become oppressive monopolies that every true Democrat should antagonize them. Every intelligent man recognizes the importance of great enterprises which can only be successfully carried on by aggregated capital. But in the main, the capitalists so far have pretty much their own way, controlling more or less the law-making and judicial departments of the government. In their dealings with laborers they have generally the lion's share of everything—appropriating the turkey all the time for themselves, and generously handing over the crow to the working people. It is time that the local fights with the corporations have been practically settled—(many thanks to the Atlantic and Pacific, and Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé Railroads). But in that larger sphere of usefulness (should you be elected to Congress) you will be called to act upon more vital issues. There's the forfeiture of the unearned land grants; the payment of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific bonds, and a host of important questions touching capital and labor. Now, sir, judging the future by the past, the Democracy can hardly trust you at the national capital as their representative. Your well-known monopoly proclivities hardly entitle you to so important a trust. And, as if to emphasize this statement, your friends in the County Convention, last Saturday, repudiated, to a man, a series of resolutions reaffirming the Jeffersonian doctrine of popular rights.

But if it is your intention to reform your methods, it is better that you should remain at your post and make the reparation where you have done the mischief. If you get into a new field the luscious pickings and your well-known gastronomic talent might prove too much for your good intentions. A reformed editor is much better than an unfaithful Congressman.

Respectfully,
L. T. FISHER

He Had Been There.

New York Times.]

Hotel clerk (to farmer)—"Will you register, please?" Farmer—"Will I do what?" Clerk—"Register; sign your name in this book." Farmer—"Not much, young feller; ye don't git me to sign my name on no paper; I've been beat oncet, and that's 'nough!"

Amusements.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
HARRY C. WYATT.....Manager.

The Management take pleasure in announcing the engagement of
EVERYBODY'S FAVORITE,
MISS CARRIE SWAIN,
In her Great Success, entitled
C—A—D, the Tom Boy,
For FIVE NIGHTS and SATURDAY MATINEE,
Commencing Tuesday, August 24,
Supported by a first-class company.
MISS SWAIN and Company have just completed an engagement in San Francisco of eight weeks to crowded houses.
Seats on sale on and after SATURDAY, August 21.

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A. S. Shorb, M. D.

JOHN H. OLDRIDGE.

Sketch of the Murdered Man by an Old Friend.

G. M. Thompson, of Elgin, Ill., writes the TIMES the following interesting matter concerning John Oldridge, who was murdered here by Ira B. Kilgore, July 27th:

"Copies of Los Angeles papers have duly reached me, giving full particulars of the instant death of John H. Oldridge by the hand of an assassin. As the deceased passed so quickly to the world beyond that he had only time to say to a friend, 'I am going,' a few facts concerning the life of the departed may be of interest to many at Los Angeles, where the heart-rending tragedy so recently occurred. The brief account given by the reporter for the TIMES, relative to the character of Mr. Oldridge as a square man, an industrious and peaceable citizen, with a thorough devotion to his family (and it might be added, all that pertains to the welfare of mankind), is fully appreciated by the writer, who knew him well for a long term of years at his place of residence in Lyons, Iowa. Here he was engaged in industrial pursuits that brought him in contact with all classes of citizens, and for a number of years he was foreman of the painting department of the McDowell Carriage Works. I knew him well as a friend, at his home, and met him often at his workshop; also when he kept a confectionery store, prior to leaving for California. I had rare opportunities on a number of occasions to see his patience tried by officious persons. I have often remarked that he would endure more abuse from impudent men than any person of all my acquaintance, and still be charitable to the offender, taking into view the low plane of life in which the individual had moved from his birth, and treat him with as much geniality or as much coolness, as the case required, until the troublesome man saw his mistake, as was frequently the case. If, however, any man with whom Mr. Oldridge had business or social relations assumed a tone and manner of superiority, and attempted to assert the same in an overbearing spirit, or in a manner to strike at manhood, dignity and human freedom, he soon found that he was talking with the wrong man, and that the offense had not better be repeated. Genial and obliging in all his intercourse with men, he made hosts of friends and few enemies. On all the relations of life, he regarded the finer feelings of human nature, and his faults were so few as rarely to invite criticism. Possessing an ample education for the industrial pursuits, which he followed in life, he gave little attention to classic literature; but he read men and newspapers, instead of many books. What was written by the great dramatist well applies to him:

"'His life was gentle, and the elements so mixed in him that nature might stand up and say to all the world: 'This was a man.'

"I recall several incidents which Mr. Oldridge gave of his life in England during his boyhood days, and among them was one which he referred to with pleasing reminiscences. Being a member of the Sunday school in the place where his parents resided, the school marched in a body to pay their respects to the Queen on her visit to the town, and he received a medal from the hand of Queen Victoria, which he highly prized as coming from the model woman of this generation.

"Well do I recall the decision which was reached in the family council, when Mr. Oldridge determined, as soon as convenient, to leave the beautiful town of Lyons, with all the fascinations of the majestic Mississippi, and make his future home in a climate of more congenial temperature. All matters pertaining to the subject were fully considered at various intervals, either in my presence or in my absence, running over a period of more than five years. John expressed regret at the prospect of leaving many old and well-tried friends —the disposition of his homestead for a sufficient consideration — the long journey on the swift moving train—the prospects of a livelihood and the founding of a home for himself and family in the distant West, were subjects duly considered; there to pass the remainder of his life at the extreme confines of the known world, where the shore is washed by the tides of a boundless sea; where the temperature is so high that a frost in winter would be a curiosity, and where the sun never sets except on ripening fruits and blooming flowers.

"But, his desires were partially realized when his life was cut short by the rude hand of the assassin. It appears that the latter conceived the fatal deed, stated his intentions to one or more parties, and deliberately executed his purpose, and made his escape to a place of safety, with all the skill of a Booth, or a Guiteau. Though the life of a private citizen has been taken by Kilgore, a wreck and ruin has been made which the whole world, with all its philosophy and power, cannot recall. Offerings of sympathy will come from the noble and the true, material aid will come from the generous and the good, in obedience to laws divine, to assuage the grief and anxieties of the widow and the orphans. But all the wealth of the Golden State cannot repair the loss; even Almighty God will be powerless to heal the hearts that are bereaved until the higher life begins, which is not affected by the laws of mortality.

"As to the ultimate fate of the murderer, who took so noble a life in the prime of his manhood, it is now a matter of common concern. I can only express the hope that the summary code of justice which prevailed in the early days of California will not be revived at so late a period. Rather, let the prisoner have a fair and impartial trial by jury, and may God defend the right.

"The family, the friends, and those related by marriage ties to the late deceased, can, one and all, in common with myself, recall his memory with respect and pride, feeling that no stain rests upon his honor; that he died as he had always lived, in defense of the rules of common courtesy and the manhood of man; and by no act of his did ever a single citizen have occasion to wear the emblems of mourning."

Board of Education.

The Board met Monday night, all members being present.

The Building Committee recommended that two buildings of two rooms each, as suggested by Mr. Elliott and the rough estimate of the architects, of a size 24x32, be erected on Spring street lots, as may be hereafter determined. A motion to build the four temporary rooms, under the supervision of the Building Committee, at a price not to exceed $500 per room, was carried.

The Finance Committee was instructed to look up the correctness of the architect's certificate to Gifford & Nickell, contractors, for $650, on account of building Boyle Heights Schoolhouse. Miss Nellie Bay's acceptance to teach was read and filed.

The Committee on Teachers recommended as teacher Mrs. M. A. White, and her appointment and assignment to Temple street school. Carried.

A warrant was ordered drawn in favor of D. F. Donegan, contractor, on account of grading of Sand street school lot.

A. A. Henry, head janitor, was granted one week's leave of absence.

The Committee on Teachers recommended the re-election of Miss Holmes as a teacher, and the election of Miss Laura C. White as a substitute. Both recommendations were carried.

Mr. Earl, Special Committee on Sewers, reported progress, and asked for further time. Adjourned to Saturday.

New Patents.

Hazard & Townsend, Solicitors of Patents, report the following patents issued to Californians Tuesday, August 17th:

Benton Elmore, motor, Redding; J. S. Goldman, motor, Pasadena; E. E. Kranse, two patents—gang-plow and cultivator—Rio Vista; J. P. Lambing, vertical shaft bearing, Ione; T. A. McGowern, king-bolt for vehicles, Solano; J. T. Sweeney, shoe-fastening, Blocksburg; Charles Wonsont, cartridge loader, Marshiley; P. F. Donahoe, steam-boiler, Ira Grey, therapeutic electric bell; George Grisel, candlestick attachment; George Keane, smoke consumer; John J. Kelly, car axle; W. F. Lambert, bath apparatus; A. J. Moldaun, harness; P. J. O'Connell, hose and pipe coupling; John Winter, step-wash, San Francisco.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
LOS ANGELES, Tuesday, August 24.

The supply of choice eggs in the market is becoming scarce, and prices are again higher. Pioneer and Victor Flours are higher to-day, being quoted at $5. Besides these, there are no changes of importance in local quotations.

The Mark Lane Express, in its weekly review of the English Grain market, has the following:

"The harvests thus far have been greatly disappointing. A spell of dry weather, with hot sunshine, may yet redeem what appears to be a bad harvest. Returns of 423 Wheat districts show that 20 are above the average, 96 equal to it, and 288 below. The yield is below the average in Oats, in 269 out of 423 districts; of Beans in 120 out of 275 district, and of Peas in 118 out of 245 districts. Trade is sluggish. English Wheat is generally one shilling dearer. Sales of Wheat during the week were 45,000 quarters at 32s 7d, against 28,480 quarters at 32s 5d during the corresponding period last year. Flour is 6d@1s dearer. Foreign Wheat is only 6d@1s, chiefly 6d, dearer. Sellers expected greater advances. The supply of Corn is short, and prices are against buyers. Mixed American sells at 22s, ex ship. Oats are in abundant supply, and lower. Four cargoes of Wheat arrived; five cargoes were sold, all Chilian; seven were withdrawn and four remain. Trade forward is more active. To-day the political situation commanded some attention. Wheats were 6d dearer, and holders asked 1s advance. English Flour was 1s dearer, and foreign 6d@3d and 1s dearer. African Corn was irregular and dearer. Round Corn, owing to a scarcity, was 2s@3d dearer. Peas were 6d dearer."

Stocks and Bonds.

By Telegraph to The Times.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—Government bonds dull, steady.

The stock market to-day reflected a greatly improved feeling. London, still continues to be the prime moving force, and to-day purchased part of the stocks sold yesterday. There was very little news of a character to influence values, but rumors and gossip were plentiful. The market was firm at the opening, first prices showing advances of ½@¾ per cent. There was a slight cessation in the early morning, but prices soon became firm and continued to advance slowly until just before closing when a small reaction occurred, but the market closed near to the best figures reached. Final prices show advances in almost every case, but for fractional amounts only in the active list. Delaware and Hudson, however, is up 1 per cent., St. Louis and San Francisco preferred 1¾, and San Francisco first preferred 3½ per cent.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	NEW YORK, Aug. 24.		
$ per cents.....	100¼	Or. Navigation...	104½
4 per cents.....	120½	Transcontinental	31½
4½ per cents....	110¾	Or. Imp'mnt....	123½
Central Pacific.	43	Pacific Mail....	36¾
Denver & R G....	30	Panama.....	98
Kansas & Tex....	31½	Western Pacific	14½
Northern Pac....	27½	Union Pacific....	55½
N P preferred....	58¾	United States...	69
Northwestern....	113¾	Fargo.....	134
N. Y. Central....	109¾	Western Union...	65¾

Money on call quiet, ranging from 2 to 3; closing at 2 per cent, asked.

Prime paper, 4@5.

Sterling exchange, quiet, steady; actual rates, $4 81¾ for 60-day bills, $4 84 demand.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.			
Crocker.....	40	Savage.....	2 80
Peerless.....	20	Hale and N.....	1 60
Ophir.....	1 50		

The Grain Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—Wheat, shipping of standard, quality, $1 36¼@1 37½. Barley: Feed, 92½@97½c; brewing, fairly steady, $1 07½@1 12½; chevalier, $1 40@1 50. Corn: California, $1 30@1 37½ ₩ ctl. for large and small yellow respectively.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Corn, easy; cash, 415c; September, 43 1-16c; October, 43¾c. Barley, quiet; 59c.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 24.—Wheat: In fair demand; winter, 6s 9¼d; spring, 6s 10d. Corn: In fair demand; August, 4s 4d; spot, 4s 4¾d; October and November, 4s 5¾d.

Pork.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Pork, weaker; cash, spot, $9 62½; October, $9 62½.

Petroleum.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—Petroleum steady; United closed at 81c.

Los Angeles Produce Market.

The following is the official record of the Los Angeles Produce Exchange, corrected daily. In the quotations, unless otherwise stated, it is to be understood that the first figure is the highest price bid and the last the lowest price asked. These quotations are for round lots from first hands; for small lots out of store higher prices are asked.

WHEAT—White Russian, $1 25, asked.

OATS—Eastern, $1 40, asked; surprise, $1 60, asked.

BARLEY—Feed, No. 1, new, 80@85c; Brewing, No. 1, $1 00, bid.

CORN—Large yellow, car load lots, $1 20, asked; do, small yellow, $1 20, asked.

FLOUR—Los Angeles, XXXX, Extra Family Pat. Roll flour, $4 60, asked; Capitol Mills Extra Family Pat. Rolled flour, $4 50, asked; Pioneer or Victor, $5 00.

HAY—Barley, No. 1, new, $9 00, asked; Barley, R. B., No. 1, $9 00, asked; Mixed Hay, new, $9 00, asked; Oat, W. B., $9 00, asked; Alfalfa, W. B., $1 00.

POTATOES—Northern Early Rose, $1 25, asked; Irish Beauties, $1 10, asked; Oregon Peerless, 80c@$1 10; Early Rose, Los Angeles, new, $1 10 asked; Rumbolds, seed, $1 10, asked; sweet potatoes, $2 50, asked.

BUTTER—Fancy roll, ¾ lb, 30c, asked; Choice roll, 27½c, asked; Fair roll, 22½c, asked; Pickle roll, ¾ lb, 25c, asked; Cooking, 18c.

CHEESE—Large, 10c, asked; Small, 11c, asked; do 3-lb hand, 12½c, asked.

EGGS—Fresh, 28@30c.

HONEY—Extracted Light, 3@4c; Job lots, 4c, asked; Amber, 2½@3c; Comb, 7½@10c.

BEESWAX—Beeswax, 20@22c.

ONIONS—Silver skins, new, 65c, asked. Local, Yellow Danvers, 65c.

VEGETABLES MIXED—Chilies, 5@10c ₩ lb; Garlic, 2@3c; Cabbage, ¾ 100 lbs, 75c, asked.

BEANS AND DRIED PEAS—Pink, No 1. $1 75, asked; Job lots $1 75; Lima, $2 50, asked; Bayous, $1 75, asked; Navy, small, $2 50; Black-eyed, $1 00, asked; Garvanzos, $3 00, asked; Green field peas, $2 00@2 50; Lentils, $2 75, asked.

POULTRY—Hens, No. 1, ¾ doz, $4 50@5 00; Old roosters, $3 50@4 00; Young roosters, $4 50@5 00; Broilers, large, $3 00@3 50; Broilers, small, $2 00@3 00; Ducks, large, $5 50@6 50; Turkeys, 15@17c, bid, ¾ lb; Geese, 75c@$1 00, each.

MILLFEED—Bran, $18 00, asked; Shorts, $19 00, asked; Cracked corn, $1 25, asked; Cracked barley, $1 00, asked; Ground barley, $1 00, asked; Rolled barley, $1 00, asked; Mixed feed, corn and barley, $1 30, asked.

GRAIN BAGS—Mill sacks, 6c; 1886 Calcutta spot, 7c; Potato sacks, 3@4c.

SEED—Alfalfa, 11½c.

LIVE STOCK—Live hogs, 3@4c.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches, sun dried, 6¼c, asked; do No. 2, 1@3c; do peeled, 12c asked; do peeled No. 1, 4@8c. Prunes, Cala. French, 12c, asked; German, 10c, asked; Apricots, evaporated, 20c, asked; Apples, evaporated, 10c; asked; do sun dried and sliced, 5c, asked; do, sun dried quartered, 2½c, asked.

RAISINS—Layers, $1 75, asked; Extra London layers, new, $2 00, asked; Three Crown layers, new, $3 00, asked; Loose Muscatels, $1 85; Bulk raisins, 5@6c; Dried grapes, 3c, asked.

NUTS—Walnuts, new, 6½c, bid; Peanuts Cala. No. 1, 5c, asked; do Cala. No. 2, 2½c, asked; do Eastern, asked. Almonds, S. S., 14c, asked; do H. S., 8c, asked.

CITRUS FRUITS—Oranges, $3 00, asked; Lemons, seedling, ¾ box, $3 asked; Riverside and Lisbon, $4 00 asked; Limes, $1 25, asked.

PROVISIONS—Extra light bacon, 10c, asked; Light, 9c, asked; Clear Medium, 8½c, asked; Medium bacon, 8c, asked. Heavy bacon, 7c, asked.

WOOL—Spring clip, 8@10c, bid.

LARD—4-lb tins, 8¼c, asked; 5-lb pails, 8¾c, asked; 5-lb pails, 8¼c, asked; 10-lb pails, 8c, asked.

SKINS—Short wool, each, 15@20c, bid. Long wool, $1 00, bid; Shearlings, 10c, bid.

HAIR—Eastern sugar-cured, 14@15c, asked.

HIDES—Dry, 16c. bid: Kip, 15c, bid; Calf, 18½c, bd.

Los Angeles Wholesale Meat Market

Corrected for the Times by S. Maier, 49 South Spring Street.

The following are prices for whole carcasses:

BEEF—First grade, 7½c per pound; second grade, 6½c; third grade, 6c.

MUTTON—50 per pound for Ewes and 6c for Wethers.

LAMB—Spring, 8c.

VEAL—From 7 to 9c per pound.

HOGS—On foot, hard, 3@3½c per pound, dressed, 6c

Real Estate Transfers.

[Reported by Gillette & Gibson.]

TUESDAY, Aug. 24, 1886.

CONVEYANCES.

Reuben Callahan to Stanley Callahan: Lot 10, block 2, City Homestead tract, $1200.

Jesup W Scott to Eugene Germain: Lot 15 Scott's addition to Santa Monica, $1000.

C F Wilcox and C F Mansur, assignees of B F Seibert, to H A Newman: Lot 10, Hickey, Andrews & Crane's addition to Santa Ana, $750.

Pomona Land and Water Co to Frank Stevenson: Lots 4 and 9, block B, North Palomares tract, $3186 90.

T H Palmer to H F Park and T S Oldham: Lots 5 6 and 7, block 58, Pomona, $1.

Arthur F Welton to Mrs M W Coffman: Lot 1, block A, Atwood's subdivision of part of lot 5, block 74, R S, $580.

L W Mitchell to A M Hess: Lot in Freeman tract, $275.

James W Towner to William S Rogers: 10 acres in Rio Santiago de Santa Ana, $200.

Josiah Jenkins to Annis Jenkins: NW ¼ of block C, Temple & Gibson tract (less 1 acre), love.

J S Chadwick to J W O Miller: Lot 12, block B, Crescenta Canyada, $1.

N S Holmes to William S Rogers: 10 acres in Rio Santiago de Santa Ana, $1.

Amos Wright to J W Ramsey: 1 acre in block 7, Palmer & Ball tract, $400.

William B Stradley, M P Sayder and R D Wade to Andrew Lord: Lots 17 and 18, Sayder & Wade's subdivision of N ¾ of Friend tract, $2000.

F H Pauly to C Dutcher: Lots 10, 11 and 12, block B, Pauly's subdivision of part of block 72, R S, $1100.

A C Potter and Della Potter, his wife, to Elizabeth M Crow: Reservoir on lot 6, block 4, Nichol's addition to West Los Angeles, $1.

Alfred Robinson, trustee, to Henry Rogers: S½ W ¼ of S½ ¾, section 14, township 5 S, range 11 W, $1600.

O W Childs to Mrs Maria Jesus de Short, wife of Jde Earth Short: Lot 15, block 4, O W Childs tract, $400.

Miss Emma Stoltenberg to Catherine Kilroy: Lot G, Kinney tract, $650.

Everett E Hall, W W Stillson and Wm McCrory to B Zeitska: Agreement to convey lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, block 18, Angeleno Heights, $4000.

J F Houghton, trustee, to Felix Hess: Lot 8, block 28, Phillips tract, $636 50.

Felix Hess to C W Potter: Lot 8, block 22, Phillips tract, $1320.

George Shaw to Herbert G Berton: Lot 5, Kennedy tract, $1200.

Richard Dunnigan to Vital Ferdinand Vignes: Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, block A, Park tract, East Los Angeles, $4000.

Joseph F Goodspeed to J W Walker: Undivided ¾ interest in lot 1, Wright tract, $1000.

R W Jones to O E Fout: N ½ of lot 7, block 17, O S, $7000.

W R Cundit and Hattie C Cundit to James Lintott: 5¾ acres in Los Nietos township, $2000.

H W Mills and M L Wicks to Francisca Urquides de Sepulveda, formerly Francisca Urquides de Lamori: S ½ acre of lot 66, Mills subdivision of W part of Lick tract, $500.

J F Falvey to Emmet W Best: Lot 2, block F, Monrovia, $950.

James Linlott to Hattie C Condit: Lot in block 70, O S, $1500.

Prudent Beaudry to J A Russ: W 40 feet of lot 1, block 3, West Roosa tract, $525.

Same to Same: Part of lot 1, block 3, West Roosa tract, $325.

S C Hubbell, L T Garnsey, T W T Richards and H L McNeil to John H Schumacher and E A Preuss: 8¾ acres in lot 8, block 25, H S, $6000.

J R Toberman to Mrs Lydia Eager: Part of lot 4, block 106, Bellevue Terrace tract, $7400.

Estate of Mary Grace Overman to Mrs B S McMakon: Undivided ½ of lots 1 and 3, block H, in lot 3, block 60, H S, $1000.

Jessie Overman to same: Undivided ½ of lots 1 and 3, block H, in lot 3, block 60, H S, $1000.

Asa Shinn and H B Shinn to George W Gordon: Lots 1, 2 and 3, block 20, East Los Angeles, $3000.

Pablo Reyes to James B Lankershim: 9¼ acre tract between Main and San Pedro streets, $30,000.

William A Symmes to Anna W Bixby: Lot 8, block 65, O S, $2.

John B Correr to William Thomas Walker: Lot 8, block 65, O S, $2.

Emeline Childs to Constant Meyer: Block 65, O S, $2.

Nelson T Blair to Anna W Bixby: Lot 8, block 65, O S, $2.

Anna W Bixby and George F Bixby, her husband, to Mrs A L Lankershim: Lot 8, block 65, O S, $2500.

John P Duehren to Richard E Nickel and Wm C Smith: Undivided ⅝ of N ½ of section 36, township 5 N, range 13 W, $667.

Henry T Newell to William R Windheim: Lot in block 72, O S, $600.

William R Windheim to R Callahan: Lot in block 73, O S, $3000.

John Sondra to Mary Davison: Undivided ½ interest in tract in Ranchito, gift.

Jesse G Reed to M F O'Dea: 5-acre tract, $2000.

Victor Beaudry, Everett E Hall, W W Stilson and Wm McCrory to Wm R Windheim: Lot 10, block 4, Angeleno Heights, $800.

ATTACHMENTS, LIENS, ETC.

Helen Baxter to A Mccartney: Certificate of tax sale of mortgage interest in lots 27, 28 and 29, South Santa Monica, $12 65.

Charles A Gardner to William Shoblderer: Lease of ground floor of building on Fair Oaks avenue, Pasadena; 5 years, monthly rent, $25.

T Walsh vs Frank O Wilkinson, T S Palmer and Samuel K Symonds: Sheriff's certificate of sale of lots 12 and 13, Villa tract to T Walsh, $280 60.

T Walsh vs F J Talamantes: Mechanics' lien on part of lots 110 and 111 Monte Vista tract, $82.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Geo E Peters to P O Ryel: Release of mortgage, book 60, page 325.

Henry Berry to John McManus and George Turner: Chattel mortgage on furniture, etc, in restaurant at No 23 Aliso street; August 1, 1887, 1 per cent per month, $325.

Wilhelmina Wolf and Frank C Wolf to Ferdinande Reichert; Release of mort gage, book 73, page 521.

John H Weeks to William E Rogers: Release of mortgage, book 70, page 359.

Map of Brainard's subdivision of E ¾ of lot 4, Sierra Madre tract.

Ladies,

Consult Mrs. Dr. Wells, whose specialty is diseases of women, and treatment entirely new. Prompt relief in female irregularities. Two hours each day devoted to electro, medicated and hot-air baths. Consultation free. 341 Spring street.

Consult Mrs. Dr. Wells for all diseases of women. Prompt relief for female irregularities. Two hours each day devoted to electro-thermal and medicated baths. Consultation free. 341 Spring street.

E. F. Moorhouse, 146 S. Spring St.,

Jobbing in carpenter work. Step-ladders and orange ladders a specialty. Agent for Centennial windmills. Plaster paris ornaments for sale, put up and guaranteed. Telephone 341.

Away ahead of all competition, as far

the zenith is above the nadir, is the Great American Dye House of HORATIO MA TEEN, No. 9 Aliso street.

Pasadena.

Theodore Coleman is the authorized agent and correspondent of the TIMES and MIRROR at Pasadena. Orders left with him for subscriptions, advertising and job work will receive prompt attention.

The Ellis College

Makes a specialty of the fine arts—painting, voice culture, piano, violin and the study of the languages.

Running sixteen hours a day to accommodate the great rush and increasing busin No. 9 Aliso street.

The Plating and Stencil Works,

Recently burned out, are now open for business at No. 426 First street, below Alameda,

Skillful, reliable and thoroughly scientific dyers at the Great American Dye House, No. 9 Aliso street.

Gentlemen's clothes cleaned or dyed and repaired at short notice at MARTEEN'S, No. 9 Aliso street;

Ladies, the 10c Delivery office is at 28 S. Spring, Hooker Block.

For choice fresh cows, call on Niles, on Washington, near Main street.

DANIEL PICKIT, MRS. KATIE E. PICKIT, PROPRIETORS.

BELLEVUE TERRACE,

FORMERLY PICKIT VILLA,
439 PEARL St. (take 6th st. cars), LOS ANGELES.
THE FINEST LOCATION IN THE CITY.

Bellevue Terrace consists of three buildings all connected by front porch, and contains 140 as desirable rooms as can be found in Southern California.

Board and room $3 and $2.50 per day.

Liberal arrangements made with persons desiring rooms and board by the month or year.

TELEPHONE 518.

NOTICE.

THE THIRD ANNUAL MEETING OF the stockholders of Savings Fund and Building Society of Los Angeles will be held MONDAY EVENING, September 6, 1886, at 7:30 o'clock. At this meeting the fourth series will be opened. E. H. GRASETT, Secretary. Rooms 14 and 15, Hooker Block 28 S Spring st.

For Sale---107-acre Alfalfa Ranch,

50 ACRES SET TO ALFALFA, 15 ACRES corn (100 bushels per acre), fenced in 4 fields, abundance of irrigating water, all farming implements, including 3 horses valued at $200, 6 dairy cows, etc.; house, barns, corral; a splendid lay-out; $100 per acre. GRAHAM, TAYLOR & CO.

AGENTS WANTED.

Male or Female.

TO SELL "STAR" TEA AND COFFEE filter in every town and city in United States. Address M. S. WEBB, P. O. Box 519, Stockton, Cal.

REMOVAL.

MISS BENGAUGH HAS REMOVED HER Private School from No. 19 Third st. to No. 146 S. Main st.

The 11th term will open Monday, Sept. 6, 1886. Terms moderate.
Herald and Express copy.

Removal Notice.

HIGH CHUNG & CO, MANufacturer and dealer in shoes and slippers; making new and repairing old shoes, for gentlemen, ladies and children. All kinds made to order at No. 148 Upper Main st, formerly No. 120 Commercial st.

Hay, Grain, Wood and Coal.

N. STANBURY, Fort st., bet. Fourth and Fifth. Telephone 472. Orders promptly attended to and delivered to any part of the city. Patronage solicited

QUONG CHUNG WO,

Will contract to furnish any number of

Men for All Kinds of Work, Etc.

129 UPPER MAIN ST.
P. O. Box 1097

MEN QUICK, Permanent Cure for Lost Manhood, Debility, Nervousness, Weakness of the Generative Organs, Seminal Emissions, Impotency, Sexual Decay, Premature Old Age, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses. Illustrated pamphlet free. Address ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, BUFFALO N. Y.

Medical.

Two Friends Meet.

"Hello! Old fellow! What have you been doing to yourself? You look like a subject for the undertaker," exclaimed the man on the right.

"I have been taking mercury and potash mixtures until they have nearly ruined me," squeaked the old man on crutches.

"And I," said the other, "have been taking the genuine Swift's Specific, which has built me up from the first dose."

Swift's Specific

Nature's own remedy, made from roots gathered from the forests of Georgia. The method by which it is made was obtained by a half-breed from the Creek Indians, who inhabited a certain portion of Georgia, which was communicated to one of the early settlers, and thus the formula has been handed down to the present day. The demand has been increasing until a $100,000 laboratory is now necessary to supply the trade. A foreign demand has been created, and enlarged facilities will be necessary to meet it. This great

Vegetable Blood Purifier

CURES

Cancer, Catarrh, Scrofula, Eczema, Ulcers, Rheumatism, Blood Taint,

Hereditary or Otherwise,

Without the Use of Mercury or Potash.

Catarrh!

Throat Diseases, Bronchitis, Asthma,

CONSUMPTION,

Together with diseases of the

EYE, EAR AND HEART

M. HILTON WILLIAMS,

M. D., M. C. P. S. C.,

275 NORTH MAIN ST.,

Next the Diamond House, Los Angeles, Cal.

All diseases of the respiratory organs treated by the most improved system of medicated inhalations, combined with Constitutional Remedies for the Liver, Blood, etc.

Nearly 75,000 cases successfully treated during the past 19 years for some form of head, throat or lung troubles.

Catarrhal Deafness.

Loss of hearing is in a large proportion of cases the direct result of inflammation of the mucous membrane lining the throat and nasal passages, catarrh being in fact one of the most frequent causes. Influenced by it, the internal passages to the ears, which are situated on the pharynx above and behind the palate, and which are known as the eustachian tubes, become involved in the same general inflammation of the surrounding parts, and in course of time become more or less obstructed, owing to the thickening of the membrane lining them. Any obstruction results in partial or complete loss of hearing. Treatment directed to the external ear can effect no benefit, simply because it does not reach the seat of the difficulty, and under it the disease goes on unchecked from bad to worse. In such cases it results from the catarrhal inflammation, and can only be remedied by the removal of that inflammation which is its existing cause. The failure to successfully treat it arises from the fact that no well-directed or radical effort is made for the cure. The mere treating the nostrils will avail nothing in the cure of catarrh, no matter what remedies are employed, since the disease is to a far greater extent located in the passage behind the nose and throat, and from it to the throat, and so situated that washes injected up the nostrils cannot possibly reach any considerable portion of the diseased parts.

In the treatment of catarrhal deafness, by directing our attention to the cause, we can remove the effect, and in no other way.

By appropriate direct treatment to the internal ear, the hearing can in most cases be improved from the outset; but to render it radical, every vestige of the catarrhal inflammation of the surrounding parts must be removed.

By the employment of proper inhalations in the form of medicated vapor (not steam or spray) we are able to produce immediate and direct action upon the diseased surface in the pharynx and nasal passages, for air will find its way into the most remote and intricate cavities, where it is utterly impossible to make fluid applications. By these means every case can be helped, and a majority cured.

The very best references from those already cured.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Those who desire to consult with me in regard to their cases had better call at my office for consultation and examination, but if impossible to do so, can write for a copy of my Medical Treatise, containing a list of questions. Address

M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M. D.,
275 North Main street, Los Angeles, Cal.,
Office hours from 9:30 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

DrWHITE

108 N. Main St., Los Angeles.
(Rooms 7 and 8),

SUCCESSFULLY TREATS

PRIVATE

Nervous and Chronic Diseases

OF BOTH SEXES.

Consultation and treatment confidential. Medicines furnished from DR. WHITE'S PRIVATE LABORATORY. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 12 m. Sunday, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Dressmaking.

MRS. M. MINARD SUPPLE, THE LEADing dressmaker of Los Angeles, formerly cutter and fitter in the Parisian Cloak House, Chicago. TAILOR WORK A SPECIALTY. Mourning work on short notice. Allen Block, corner Temple and Spring sts., Room 4, Los Angeles, Cal.

Good Location.

225 SECOND ST. (cor. Hill)—The leading private boarding-house of Southern California.

MRS. D. J. WHIPPLE.

Notice of Publication of Time for Proving Will, Etc.

In the Superior Court, State of California, County of Los Angeles—ss.

In the matter of the Estate of R. B. McGaughey, deceased.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THIS Court, made this day, notice is hereby given that MONDAY, the 13th day of September, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, at the courtroom of this court, in the county of Los Angeles, has been appointed for hearing the application of Lizzie G. McGaughey, praying that a document now on file in this court, purporting to be a certified copy of the last will and testament of R. B. McGaughey, deceased, be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Lizzie G. McGaughey, at which time and place all persons interested therein may appear and contest the same.

Dated August 23, 1886.

C. H. DUNSMOOR, County Clerk.
By F. S. FANNING, Deputy.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE office of Samuel and Joseph C. Newsom, Architects, 28 N. Main street, Room 5, Los Angeles, for the erection and completion of a four-class school building to be erected by the Board of School Trustees of Duarte School District, at Duarte. Bids must be accompanied by a certified check to the amount of 10 per cent. of bid, as security that the bidder will enter into a written contract and furnish satisfactory bonds, to the amount of four thousand dollars ($4000) for the execution and completion of said building, and said bids must be handed in at architects' office before 2 o'clock THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9TH, 1886.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

D. B. HEROD,
A. E. HALE,
TRUS. WARNER,
Board of Trustees.

A PERFECT BAKING POWDER—BEST IN AMERICA

PRESTON & MERRILL'S

—Boston, Mass.—

INFALLIBLE YEAST POWDER

Established 1845.

Yields 15 to 50 per cent. more Gas (the raising property) than other Yeast or Baking Powders.

UNEXCELLED FOR STRENGTH, PURITY AND HEALTHFULNESS. MOST ECONOMICAL.

Never Fails to Make Light and Wholesome Bread, Biscuits, Tea Rolls, Cakes, Pies, Puddings, Etc. For Sale by Grocers, in all size cans.

C. A. Sumner & Co.,

Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers,

Office, 14 N. Spring Street.

WE HAVE FOR SALE:

$2100—¾-acre corner lot, 4 blocks from Figueroa st., north of Washington; good house and trees.

$3500—1 acre on Washington st., nicely improved.

$10,000—Place to exchange for Eastern property.

$3000—San Francisco improved property to exchange for Los Angeles lots.

$4500—House and large lot on Olive st., to exchange for country property.

$25,000—100-acre farm; good adobe house, barns, etc.; full-bearing trees; large water right; 45-minute walk from the city; big bargains.

$1600—3¾ acres near city limits; fruit trees and city water; cheap, and on easy terms.

$6000—Choice lot on Olive st., near First; two-story house; will sell all or half.

C. A. SUMNER & CO.,
14 N. Spring St.

Speculators Read This

Sixty Lots in one tract, on line of two proposed street-car lines, inside city limits—beautiful location; will sell the whole or one-half at a great bargain, on easy terms, if taken soon.

Three and one-third acres, highly improved. Good house and barn; trees mostly in bearing; city and well water; just two miles from postoffice; fine view; price $9000, ¼ cash; cheapest property in the city.

Two lots in East Los Angeles, on right side of street; good location, near street-car line; $500 each; $150 cash, balance on terms to suit.

One good lot in Hollenbeck tract, not far from depot and railroad shops; price $500, ¼ cash, balance on or before one year.

Forty acres good land, 12 miles from city; in fruit belt, 28 acres in raisin grapes 3 and 4 years old, 11 acres in fruit trees of choice varieties in full bearing.

A choice place for anyone wanting a profitable home; will exchange for city property or sell for $7500; ¼ cash, balance 2 and 3 years; low rate of interest; a bargain.

Some choice property in Crescenta Canyada; some valuable property on Buena Vista and Upper Main sts.

For particulars address OWNER, P. O. Box 148, City.

To the Beaudry Water Consumers

WE HAVE THIS DAY SOLD ALL OF our interests in the Beaudry Water Works to Messrs. Walter S. Maxwell, N. W. Stowell, and M. L. Wicks, who will from this date take possession of the same.

VICTOR BEAUDRY,
PRUDENT BEAUDRY.

LOS ANGELES, July 26, 1886.

To the Beaudry Water Consumers.

Referring to the above and representing the Citizens' Water Company, we would earnestly ask the further indulgence of the consumers of water on the above-named system, that they be as economical as possible in their consumption of water, promising in the near future an abundance of pure water for all purposes and at all times. Respectfully,

CITIZENS' WATER COMPANY,
By M. L. WICKS,
N. W. STOWELL,
WALTER S. MAXWELL.

The office of the company, until further notice, will be at M. L. WICKS, Postoffice Block.

1500 Feet Above the Sea

Health in the Air and Wealth in the Soil.

A RICH FOOT-HILL REGION.

The Cañada Valley overlooks Los Angeles and the broad Pacific, yet is protected from damp ocean breezes and is the sanitarium of Southern California. It has a rich soil and grows the finest of citrus and deciduous fruits. Send for circular giving full information and prices of property to

THEO. COLEMAN, Pasadena, Cal.

The Power of Will

Pain instantly relieved without medicine. Paralysis and impotency cured without touch. "The blind see; the deaf hear, and the lame walk."

See Dr. TRUESDELL'S Programme; Every Sunday at 3 p. m. and Tuesday at 10 a. m., FREE PUBLIC HEALING!

Persons desiring to learn the Science of Metaphysical Healing will apply for terms to Dr. Truesdell at the hall, or at Nos. 6 and 7 Forster Block, 28 S. Main street.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO.,

Shipping Commission Merchants,

UNION BLOCK,

Junction Market and Pine sts., San Francisco,

AGENTS FOR PACIFIC MAIL S. S. CO.; the Pacific Steam Navigation Co.; the Cunard Royal Mail S. S. Co.; the Hawaiian Line; the China Traders' Insurance Co. (limited); the Marine Insurance Co. of London; the Baldwin Locomotive Works; the Glasgow Iron Co.; Nich, Ashton & Son's Salt.

ALTAMONT.

Sierra Madre Foothills.

OPEN FOR RECEPTION OF BOARDERS. A new house is on an elevation of 1600 feet

PRINTING AND BINDING.

There is nothing in the Printing and Binding line which the TIMES-MIRROR Printing, Binding and Ruling House, the oldest and largest in Southern California, is not prepared to execute in a manner equal to that of any office in the State. All kinds of Mercantile, Railroad, Legal and general Printing and Books. Magazines and Pamphlets bound in Turkish leather, Morocco, cloth, sheepskin, or in any style desired. Our work is guranteed to be equal to that done in San Francisco. PROMPTNESS! ACCURACY! EXCELLENCE! REASONABLE PRICES.

"TIMES" TELEPHONE.

Editorial Room.....No. 29
Business Office.....No. 29

THE CITY.

Dots.

The people will vote for you if you buy lots in the Electric Railway Homestead Association Tract.

Candidates for Governor, show your executive ability by buying lots in Electric Railway Homestead Association Tract.

Dr. Hollingsworth has returned from his vacation, and resumes his practice.

Fifty girls wanted at No. 12 Court street.

Miss E. G. Sawtelle has a studio and class in Hollenbeck block.

Tassill's Punch at P. O. cigar store.

If you want to make first-class investments in real estate, anywhere in Southern California, go to the Southern California Investment Company, 114 First street, Los Angeles.

D. Munro, insurance agent, has removed to No. 37 S. Spring street—Childress Safe Deposit bank.

The best property in the city—Alcantara Grove lots. All this week.

Alcantara Grove lots. Best value. Best lots.

Ring Telephone 509 for help.

"If you want work and mean business" Call at No. 12 Court street.

Alcantara Grove lots, 50x150.

Wellington coal, wholesale and retail. Special rates to dealers and for carload lots. Walter S. Maxwell, sole agent. Yard, corner Alameda and Jackson streets; telephone 315. Office, 10 Court street; telephone, 38.

Coal for steam, house and blacksmith purposes; coke, charcoal, wood—all lengths and all kinds—wholesale and retail. Yard, corner Alameda and Jackson streets; telephone 315. Office, 10 Court street; telephone 38. Walter S. Maxwell.

Buy your coal, wood, hay, feed and charcoal at Holmes & Scott's, 157 South Spring street, between Second and Third, west side. Telephone 145.

PERSONAL NEWS.

Senator A. P. Williams is at the Nadeau.

W. N. Monroe, of Monrovia, is at the Nadeau.

N. D. Rideout, of Marysville, is at the Nadeau.

Hon. F. C. Frank, of Santa Clara, is at the Nadeau.

A. K. Whitton, of San Jose, will attend the Convention.

Capt. Enoch W. Blaisdell of Oakland, is in the city.

James H. Roe, of the Riverside Valley Echo, is here.

J. H. Miller, of the Sacramento Record-Union, is here.

J. L. Phelps, of the Stockton Independent, is here.

Carlton Kemp, of the Kern Herald, is conventionalizing.

E. A. Phillips, of the San Bernardino Index, is on hand.

O. K. McClatchy, of the Sacramento Bee, is at the Nadeau.

Jas. Donahue, of the Call, San Francisco, is seeing 'em.

J. F. Beckets, of San Luis Obispo, is a delegate at the Nadeau.

Col. John T. Cutting, the San Francisco fruit merchant, is here.

Capt. P. M. Darcy returned yesterday from an official visit north.

T. J. Corwin, of the Lake Paper Company, is among the delegates.

W. A. Mackinder, of the St. Helena Star is around the fray.

Hon. H. H. Markham is recreating at his old Wisconsin home.

J. H. Miller, of the Sacramento Record-Union, is at the Nadeau.

Douglass Gunn, formerly of the San Diego Union, is in the city.

F. C. Sessions, a prominent banker of Columbus, O., is in the city.

G. M. Francis, of the Napa Register, is one of the Press delegation.

Mrs. M. Overshiner, of San Diego, is visiting friends in this city.

L. H. Crall, of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, is keeping an eye on the convention.

John G. North, of Riverside, is among the delegates to the Republican Convention.

Hon. W. M. Stewart, of Carson, Nevada, is present as a spectator of the Convention.

E E. Vincent, editor and proprietor of the Madera Mercury, is on deck for the convention.

Frank H. Powers, of the Sacramento Evening Times, a new Democratic daily, is in the city.

James C. Peacock, Jr., of the Colton Semi-Tropic, is taking in the convention for his paper.

Marcus Snook has severed his connection with the Riverside Press, and has returned to Los Angeles.

Frank D. Ryan, of Sacramento, candidate for Secretary of State, came in yesterday, and is mixing.

Alex. Von Huhn, of the California Democrat, San Francisco, is among the journalistic onlookers.

Hon. C. C. Maclay, our delegate-at-large, from the country, came in from San Fernando yesterday.

J. A. B. Southard, of San Francisco, is a candidate for the Supreme Court. He is ex-Judge of the Seventh district.

Charles M. Shortridge, proprietor of the San Jose Mercury and half proprietor of the San Francisco Post, is in the city.

Seth Owens, the Clerk of the Nadeau House, knows every guest. He has a wonderful memory for names and faces.

Ex-Governor and ex-United States Senator Newton Booth, of Sacramento, came in yesterday, and is doing his part to shape the destinies of the convention.

Hon. R. F. Del Valle is in San Francisco. It is said he is a candidate for Attorney General. He will not come home until after the Legislature adjourns for good.

Ira G. Hoitt, President of the San Francisco Board of Education, and a candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, was left sick at home, and may not come before the Convention.

BRIEFS.

The commissions for Major W. H. H. Bussell's staff arrived at last, yesterday.

There is a large hole on High street, between Upper Main and Alameda, which needs immediate looking after.

It is said that another excursion trip to San Diego is to be arranged by the California Southern, at an early date.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Marcus Andrada and Elia Padderatz, and E. E. St. Clair and M. S. Sheldon.

Harry Mills, a negro, was arrested last night by Constable Penning, on a warrant, charged with assault with a deadly weapon.

Filed in the Recorder's office yesterday: 52 deeds, 9 mortgages, 10 satisfactions, 2 marriage licenses and 8 miscellaneous papers.

The San Francisco train yesterday was divided into three sections. The first section came in on time, but the second, which collided the night before last, near Vallejo, did not arrive till 6:30, and the last at 8 p. m.

James Graham was put in jail last night by Officer Little, for using filthy and vulgar language on Upper Main street. He had just arrived from San Fernando and was filling up on Los Angeles rot-gut.

The Superintendent and other officers of the S. P. R. R., located in Los Angeles, as well as the Train Dispatcher's Department, have again left their quarters opposite the New Depot, and are now located in the large and commodious offices in the Depot Building, just completed for them above the waiting-room and ticket office.

S. E. Dugan, a railroader, last night violently assaulted Officer Frank Lemon, at the Club theater, because the officer refused to enter into conversation with him. Lemon arrested the fellow and brought him to jail. The assault was entirely unprovoked and was caused by Dugan having taken too much to drink.

Father Times.

He smiles to-day to see lots in the Hubbard Tract selling for only $175 upward, on easy installments—only $25 cash. Hubbard, Victor Hall and 8 p. m., 50 S. Spring, to-night take you home.

PRELIMINARIES.

Matters on the Eve of the Convention.

CANDIDATES, AND HOW THEY STAND.

All the Delegations In—Just Before the Battle—"Jayhawker" Sums Up the Situation.

The Convention is upon us. Everybody and his friends is here, with proxies at a tremendous discount and hard to find. The delegates come nearly up to the full quota, but have not much numerical advantage over the candidates, upon whose toes one treads at every step about headquarters. The workers are as numerous and persuasive; and the city never before witnessed such a Sampsonian activity of the jaw-bone. All the latter afternoon and evening, yesterday, an attempt to thread one's way anywhere in or about the Nadeau was suggestive of the scriptural camel. The day's work was tremendously earnest, but there was little bad blood evolved. The gubernatorial contest was the leading topic of discussion, of course. Everyone remains ahead. Swift is happy and confident, Hartson confident and happy, Dimond buoyant and Reed beaming. The work is making strange bed-fellows. Ex-Senator Newton Booth, the always anti-monopoly knight, is pushing at the same wheel with Senator Vrooman—namely, for Swift. It is generally stated that the railroad is taking no part in the fight, but those who are known as friends of the railroad seem to be leaning to Swift, whose independent character they admire. Hartson says he is bound to get the nomination unless California lying has got in its work, for over half the delegates have promised to vote for him. E. J. Wilson, his manager, sizes it up that Dimond is out of the race, that Reed will throw his strength to Hartson when the grand break comes—and that thereby Hartson will "get there all the same." The general feeling seemed to be last night that the fight is between Swift and Hartson. So the matter stands. After the long struggle of the day, the early morning hours finally closed the fray, and the weary sought their more or less virtuous couches, leaving the race still entirely a matter of conjecture.

The caucuses will be held this morning. The Convention will be called at 2 p. m.

THE TRAIN FROM THE NORTH.

When the north-bound express pulled out yesterday afternoon it carried a small Los Angeles delegation to meet the three down-coming sections of delegates. Chairman Walter S. Moore, F. P. Kelly and H. N Gregory, of the Committee on Reception; Theo. Summerland, J. Koster and J. M. Damron, of the Committee on Entertainments, were of the official party, while John T. Gaffey and a TIMES reporter were onlookers. The first section was met at San Fernando, after a short wait.

The Sacramento, Butte, Yuba and Sutter delegations, with part of El Dorado, were aboard, and in very good humor. Among the candidates aboard were A. Abbott and W. G. Hancock, of Sacramento, for Railroad Commissioner; John Weil, State Treasurer under Perkins, who wants the place again; Gen John McComb, Warden at Folsom, alleged to be a dark horse for Governor; Thos. Fraser, of El Dorado, for State Board of Equalization; Wm. Johnson, of Sacramento, for Lieutenant-Governor; Frank D. Ryan, of Sacramento, for Secretary of State. The section had escaped the Vallejo wreck, which put back the succeeding sections four hours, and reached the city on time without any notable incidents. Section 2 got in at 6:50; and Section 3 at 8, bringing in the rest of the delegations, who established themselves in rooms as soon as possible, and then flocked to the Nadeau.

TUESDAY.

How the Day Before the Convention Panned Out.

If Monday was warm, politically speaking, Tuesday was hot, while Wednesday and Thursday will reach the superlative degrees of hotter and hottest. Early yesterday morning the politicians, big and little, tall and short, great and small, rich and poor, seedy and well-dressed, wise and ignorant, smart and dull, were all up betimes. The cool air and rest of the night, coupled with the invigorating perfumes of magnolia and orange blossoms, had quieted their nerves and made them fresh and eager for the fray. The sun shone down through a cloudless azure sky upon the gay decorations and the bright, happy throngs of busy people upon the crowded thoroughfares. The different candidates for the Governorship were soon at their respective posts of duty, and with open doors and warm hands heartily received the delegates, and their friends. Each incoming train brought in a squad of country delegates, who were met at the depots by various members of the reception committee, and guided to their lodging rooms. A hasty brushing off of dust, and a rapid march to the Nadeau, where centers all interest, completed the journey. Here followed handshakings and introductions, without number. Workers for the different candidates for Governor were busy in the throngs which filled the hallways, while their leaders kept in their respective rooms; but the candidates for the Supreme Court and lower offices mingled freely with their fellow-citizens. All Tuesday there was outwardly a singular freedom of all appearances of "log-rolling," "wire-pulling," etc., so generally supposed to be a part and parcel of political machinery. It may have been going on, and undoubtedly was to a small degree, but it was carefully hidden from the gaze of the vulgar.

Brunson, for the Supreme Bench, has a host of earnest workers, not only from the "Solid South," but from Napa, his old home, and other northern points.

Reed, of Yolo, changed his headquarters to rooms 43 and 44, which were much more commodious than those first chosen, and all day long they were filled by friends and visitors.

Hon. Chancellor Hartson wore a pleasant smile all day as hosts of friends and delegates thronged his apartments, which are conveniently near the hotel office, being next door to the grand parlor.

The rooms of Swift, of San Francisco, are next to the grand stairway, and were continually filled. All day long he shook hands, greeted old friends, made new ones, talked with everybody, received and sent messages, read and wrote letters, and in the evening was just as fresh physically and mentally as when he commenced his day's work.

Lieutenant-General Dimond's headquarters his friends received everybody cordially, and entertained them royally. They regretted the absence of their chief, but contented themselves with the hope that on his arrival all vantage ground lost by his absence would be regained.

Adams, of San Luis Obispo was busy, and seemed to be as well in the race as the others. There is some talk of his stocking the nomination for Congress, if he fails to receive the gubernatorial nomination.

As on Monday so on Tuesday, no certainty as to the status of the gubernatorial fight could be ascertained. A steemed contemporary gave some figures, placing Dimond ahead, but it was all pure guesswork and fathered by the wish. No one knows, no, not even the bosses or bossites, or would-be bosses, who is the coming man. This fact is easily accounted for on the ground that the country delegations, who control the selection of a candidate for Governor, have come to Los Angeles unpledged. In most cases, however, these delegations have some local candidate for a smaller office, for whose interests possibly they are willing, probably, to "combine" with some other delegation for some other candidate. Santa Barbara wants Stearns for Lieutenant Governor. San Bernardino wants A. P. Johnson for the State Board of Equalization. Trinity wants Craig for Secretary of State. San Joaquin wants Paterson for the Supreme Court. Los Angeles wants an assortment of things. The list might be continued indefinitely. So, nobody knows positively, anything about the canvass for Governor. Each one says, and, perhaps, thinks, that his favorite candidate is ahead. Before Wednesday noon the next Governor may be visible.

For the officers below the Governorship, candidates are numerous, and increase with the arrival of each new delegation. The "woods are full" of unselfish, self-sacrificing patriots, who are willing to blow in their lives and sacred honor, if not their fortunes. As complete a list of these as possible will be found further on.

The committee on the entertainment of the press opened headquarters in room No. 75, Madeau House, with A. W. Francisco as editor-in-chief, and R. J. Mathes as chief of staff. A blank book for the register of names was provided, and up till midnight the following names had been enrolled:

Allen T. Bird, Wade Woodcock, F. J. Hamm, Frank Burke, Barbara H. Phillips, Index, San Bernardino; S. P. Merritt, Alito; G. M. Francis, Register, Napa; W. A. Mackinder, Star, St. Helena; W. N. Hart, Aita, San Francisco; James Donahue, Call, San Francisco; Alexander Von Hugo, Demokrat, San Francisco; Al Murphy, Examiner, San Francisco; J. H. Miller, Record-Union, Sacramento; L. H. Crall, Inter-Ocean, Chicago; James Crall, Inter-Ocean, Chicago; James G. Peacock, Semi-Tropic, Colton; Frank H. Powers, Star, Sacramento; James H. Roe, Valley Echo, Riverside; W. D. Pennycook, Chronicle, Vallejo; Charles K. McClatchy, Bee, Sacramento; Mort Wood, Post, San Francisco; Myron Angel, Tribune, San Luis Obisbo; E. E. Vincent, Mercury, Maders; Thomas E. Flynn, Call, San Francisco; Chas. M. Shortridge, San Jose Mercury and San Francisco Post; Geo. D. Squires, San Francisco Bulletin, and the members of the Los Angeles press.

PRELIMINARY NOTES.

Matters of Interest About the Impending Struggle.

It is a matter of gossip that Boss Higgins is trying to switch off Walter S. Moore from the pursuit of the Secretary of State butterfly, and onto the chase of the Controller katydid.

Senator Vrooman stays back in the corners and pulls some long wires.

There has been no decisive test of strength between the candidates for Governor to show how much each can lift. Their first locking of horns was as to Chairman of the Convention. Swift and Higgins (Dimond's manager) yesterday agreed on Mizner, of Solano; but Hartson and Reed wouldn't have it so, and combined to defeat Mizner. It is understood that Swift favors Senator A. P. Williams. At 12:30 last night, Reed, Hartson and Dimond had centered on W. H. L. Barnes for Chairman.

Conklin of Inyo, is said to have withdrawn from the fight for Attorney-General, and to be throwing all his strength to Carothers, of Mendocino.

James B. Finlayson is on a still-hunt for the Clerkship of the Supreme Court.

A practiced newspaper observer last night said: "Swift has great strength as first choice. As second choice his strength is simply overwhelming."

The San Francisco delegation will meet Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, at old Armory Hall, corner Requena and Los Angeles streets.

A. W. Francisco, Editor-in-Chief at Press Headquarters, has the widest newspaper acquaintance of any man in America.

The El Dorado delegation, of which no list was procurable until a TIMES reporter corralled them on the train yesterday, is as follows: W. H. Brown, Geo. D. Blanchard, Thos. Fraser, L. L. Alexander, John Reese and O Osborn.

It was said last night that a convention to nominate a Railroad Commissioner for San Francisco will be held in that city next month.

Judge Geo. A. Nourse, of Fresno, is a prominent candidate for the Supreme Bench. It is claimed for him that he has the support of the whole San Joaquin valley, two or three more southern counties and a large proportion of the San Francisco delegation.

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The Dirigo Club got in on the second section yesterday, and was met at the depot by the Young Men's Republican Club and Drum Corps, which gaily escorted them to the Nadeau.

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And it is said that Mayor E. F. Spence is up for the Congressional fight, on a quiet sort of a still hunt, as it were.

The evening train from the north brought in the one remaining candidate for Governor, Gen. William H. Dimond, who, after partaking of his evening meal, received a large number of friends and delegates in his apartments. The reception continued till a late hour.

The jam around, in and outside the Nadeau last night was simply immense. It was in the private rooms, in the corridors, in the passage ways, and overflowed out on the sidewalks and over across the streets on the opposite sidewalks. In the Nadeau the pressure in the crowd was intense, but everybody was good natured, and chatted and laughed as if they were attending a picnic.

"Where is room No 94?" was a frequent inquiry. "Why, that is the headquarters of the railroad people," was the reply. Going there, a TIMES reporter found a young man seated at a table, who said: "Mr. Vrooman is not visible. He went to bed about two hours ago (about 9 o'clock.) The railroads are not in the fight. All we want to see is that there is no red paint in it."

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THE LOS ANGELES CAUCUS.

The twenty-three members of the Los Angeles delegation held a caucus last night in a room in the new Wilson block on First street, between Main and Spring streets. The meeting was conducted with the utmost secrecy. A healthy colored gentleman was placed at the door, and proved to be an effectual press gag. The members all gave a pledge to secrecy. The question was discussed whether the press should be allowed a representative, and it was decided in the negative.

The object of the caucus was to harmonize the friends of Brunson and Moore. It appears that last evening some of Moore's friends, fearing he might be injured, commenced working against Brunson. The danger of a divided delegation threatened both candidates. In case Moore's friends persisted in drawing out it was thought that Judge Brunson would go before the caucus and announce his intention to make the race in any event. However, the caucus came to harmony, and agreed to support both candidates, and Judge Brunson did not go before the caucus. After another lot of promises "not let them newspaper fellers get on to anything," the caucus adjourned, the session having lasted about two hours.

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"JAYHAWKER."

He Sums Up the Convention Outlook

IN HIS CUSTOMARY GRAPHIC STYLE.

The Present Status of the Candidates, the Combinations, Connubiations, Claims, Figurings and Probabilities.

The train (in five sections) which came down from the Bay Districts last night was heavily laden with delegates and wild rumors—about five rumors to the delegate. The one which created the wildest alarm among the Hartson and Dimond delegates, asserted that the Spreckles sugar monopoly; the water-grabbers and the railway had combined to stampede everything to Swift and carry him through with a whirl. It was told with the air of absolute fact that Senator Vrooman, of Alameda, an anti-water-grabber, and a candidate for re-election to the Senate on his record in the special session, was in charge of the scheme, and that he had agreed to deliver the Alameda delegation while his friend Col. Wm. Higgins would perform a similar service for the San Francisco delegates. The fact that Senator Vrooman was a candidate for chairman of the Alameda delegation and also for chairman of the Convention, was quoted freely as an evidence of the fact. This alarming rumor was taken up from Los Angeles on the north-bound train, and in ten minutes after the meeting of the trains, every man was talking of the sugar, water and railway combination. By the time the several sections of the train had arrived the friends of Hartson and Dimond had been so badly demoralized that they were ready to join any combination which might have been offered.

But when the delegates had had time to change their paper collars and get the dust of the sandy deserts out of their hair and off of their dusters, they began hunting for the headquarters of their favorites, to ask for information. Hartson smiled at the rumor and asked who among his followers had deserted, but no one could answer. Dimond had his roll called, and his gang responded. Then all at once it dawned on the minds of all that this whole affair had been worked up by the outside lobby, for the purpose of demoralizing the green delegates who were just in the bud of statesmanship. By 10 o'clock last night the whole scheme had collapsed, and to-day, is as follows: W. H. Brown, Geo. D. Blanchard, Thos. Fraser, L. L. Alexander, John Reese and O Osborn.

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Native Sons To-Day

On Main street, and see those elegant lots in the Alcantara Grove Tract. All to be sold the coming week. Free carriages, from 30 South Spring street, to-morrow and every day after.

BY WHEEL.

A Bicyclist on his Way Across the Continent.

Fred. E. Van Meerbeke, the youthful bicyclist, who is making the transcontinental trip on a cycle, from New York to San Francisco, arrived at Los Angeles yesterday noon. Van Meerbeke is only 20 years old, medium height, but wiry and energetic, and weighs about 130 pounds. He looks in capital condition, notwithstanding his long trip. A TIMES reporter interviewed this gamy young man after his arrival, and learned the following interesting facts from him:

He left New York City Hall on the 1st of March at noon, and rode to New Orleans in forty-seven days, including twelve days that it rained heavily. The distance between the two points is 1430 miles, and the average number of miles traveled was forty. In New Orleans Van Meerbeke recuperated fifteen days, and then proceeded on his travels towards the West on the 17th of May at 7:30 a. m. He reached Houston, Texas, on the 29th, and San Antonio on the 5th of June. El Paso was reached on the 1st of July, and Tucson on the 7th of August. The trip between Tucson and Yuma was accomplished by the 18th, and here the bicyclist stayed three days. Owing to washouts and impassable sandadrifts, between Pilot Knob and Sweetwater, Van Meerbeke took the train at Yuma and was deposited at San Gorgonio, where he resumed his wheel-propelling travels on the 22nd, arriving at Colton the same night. Spadra was his point of departure yesterday at 6:30 a. m., and he was in the heart of Los Angeles city by noon. The whole distance traveled thus far is 3561 miles. Van Meerbeke has 150 actual working days to do his trip in, and so far has only expended 111 of them in riding the machine, leaving thirty-nine to reach San Francisco in. Since leaving New Orleans he calculates that the average distance traveled by him per day is only thirty-three miles. In the Territories the traveler had several Indian scares, which turned out to be, fortunately, nothing but scares, the Indians being either scouts or of friendly tribes. He met with a good deal of bother from tramps, who begged peremptorily for money, but a good Colt kept them from becoming too demonstrative. Van Meerbeke is the first wheelman who rode from New York to New Orleans, and thence to this coast. He is the champion long-distance bicyclist of America, and has had previous experience in these trips, having made a voyage on a two-wheeler to Denver last year. He says that out of every five miles traveled, not less than one and one-quarter were made on foot, dragging the cycle along. Notwithstanding the seeming hardship of the trip, Van Meerbeke looks hearty and well and has lost but 4½ pounds in weight since his departure, at which time he tipped the scale at 135. He is of opinion that the trip, undertaken in the fall, could be accomplished in three-quarters of the time he has had given him to make it in. The traveler has worn out, so far, six pairs of pants five pairs of shoes, two coats and two hats. He will leave here to-day for San Francisco, using the coast route, and proposes to arrive there on or about the 14th of September. Thence he returns by rail to New York, where he will make arrangements for an extended bicycle tour of the continent of Europe. Mr. Van Meerbeke is now traveling in behalf of the Pope Bicycle Manufacturing Company, of Boston, whose machine he has ridden throughout the whole trip.

The Little Cripple Gone.

The little cripple newspaper boy, who for a number of months was such a sad feature on our streets, where with his shrill voice, his little crutches and the pathetic look in the weazened, sallow face, has caused many a sorrowing, tender-hearted woman to shed a sympathetic tear for his misfortune, died on Sunday afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock, suddenly, whilst at play with his brothers in the yard of his father's house. The little fellow, whose name was Emile Demousset, commenced bleeding at the mouth after climbing on a fence, and died in a very short time from the effects of the hemorrhage. His cripple condition was partly due to his being run over by a buggy in Tombstone about four years ago. He was only 7 years old. The Coroner held an inquest at the parents' house, corner of Center and First streets, and returned a verdict of natural causes. The little boy was buried in the afternoon in Evergreen Cemetery.

A Free Fight in a Saloon.

A free fight took place last night in the saloon of James Noel, on Main street, Phillips block, at about 8 o'clock. George Valpey called a young man in the employ of the Roses, an opprobrious name and had his eye blackened promptly for so doing. Valpey's brother then took a hand in the free and easy, as did the brother of the young man who had first been insulted. Billiard cues and balls were handled and a pistol drawn, but with the exception of black eyes and bloody noses, no other injury was done. There is a good deal of complaint that too many rows occur in that saloon. No arrests were made.

A Doughty Frenchman.

A Frenchman residing near the County Hospital, hearing a suspicious noise in his haystack last night, investigated and found two tramps nesting therein, who refused to remove to other quarters. The Frenchman, who was coat and hatless, hastily got a shot-gun out of his house and drove the tramps before him into town. Having met Special Officer Lindheimer, they, between the two, brought the tramps to the city prison and had them booked for trespass. They gave the name of A. Bummal and William Warren.

Magnificent Trees for Ornament, Shade and Fruit

On every lot in Park Villa Tract, the nearest of all, the best located, on two street car lines. The handsome mansions of Messrs. Luitweiler, D. McFarland, Churchill, Longstreet, Judge Silent, Judge C. J. Ellis surround it. Streets beautifully graded. Terms easy. [Free ride from 33 N. Spring. T. Wiesendanger, W. H. Bonsall. 33 N. Spring 33.

"Lots" of People

Are buying "lots" of lots in the Electric Railway Homestead Association lots, and there are lots of reasons why they should. A few of these are: Pure water, choicest scenery and location, electric railroad, low price of lots, sure to advance; price only $290, and 28 months to pay, and no interest. Don't wait too long.

Ladies.

who spends more time at home, you or your husbands? Well then, take a part in the choice of a lot for a home. Go and see Park Villa tract, its fruit and shade, its grounds, ornamental trees, its magnificent surroundings. Free ride from 33 North Spring street. T. Wiesendanger, W. H. Bonsall. 33 North Spring street.

The Best Speculation.

33 North Spring where most attractions are, where every body wants to live and build, in short, the famous Park Villa tract. Free ride from 33 North Spring, T. Wiesendanger, W. H. Bonsall.

Special Trains to the Convention

Will be run by the San Gabriel Valley Railroad on the evenings of Aug. 25th and 26th, leaving Santa Anita at 6:35 p. m., and stopping at all stations. Return train will leave here at 11 p. m. At the regular round trip rates. The interest in the convention will attract a large number from the stations on that line.

$300 for City Lots.

Only $30 cash; $20 monthly; no interest. Free ride to Wiesendanger City tract. 33 North Spring. T. Wiesendanger. 33.

The Grandest Drive in Beautiful Los Angeles.

Through stately Pearl and proud Figueroa, to Park Villa tract, with its shady nooks and lovely spots for cozy homes. Free ride from 33 N. Spring. T. Wiesendanger, W. H. Bonsall. 33.

Don't You

Let any one "fool" you. Your chance to buy any of those splendid lots in the Electric Railway Homestead Association at $290 won't last but a very few days longer.

Urmston Stone Sidewalks.

The contract for the stone sidewalks on Adams street, on the Urmston tract, was given out yesterday by the Southern California Land Company.

Republican Candidates.

If you wish to insure your nomination buy lots in the Electric Homestead Association Tract.

Responsible.

The Electric Railway Homestead Association can easily satisfy you as to its responsibility. No question about titles in this case.

WETMORE'S BOOM.

Getting in His Work on the Grape Men.

A meeting of the Grape Growers' and Wine Makers' Association of Southern California was held in the Board of Trade rooms last night. About twenty-five members were present. An address was delivered by Charles A. Wetmore, chief executive officer of the State Viticultural Association. The speaker gave an interesting account of his efforts during the last year, in Washington, to effect a reform in the Internal Revenue laws. He spoke of the opposition which the interests he represented had felt from importers, Eastern wine-makers, the spirit industries in Kentucky, Indiana and neighboring States, and the prohibitionists. The only antagonism between the viticulturists of California and the importers arose on the tariff question, and in all other demands the importers had united with them. No foreign country could claim that they wanted increased facilities for getting a market in the United States, as they could not now supply their home markets. In regard to the Eastern makers, the demands of this State and the question of revenue reform were more clearly and thoroughly understood by them during the viticultural conventions, and these state associations which had been formed were of great advantage to the industry. The measures which had been laid before Congress were four in number, the sweet wine bill; the general bonding bill, giving the privilege of leaving the goods in bond until it was desired to place them upon the market; the bill regulating the taxation of spurious wines; and the bill reducing the tax on brandy to fifty cents. The particular qualities and advantages of all these bills were set forth. Of the 1,000,000 gallons of sweet wine made in this country 600,000 gallons were made in California. If the tax on brandies used in fortifying this wine were removed, it would be a great advantage, and there was every reason to believe that the bill would be passed next winter. The Government has no excuse for not giving this relief, as both parties are asking for a reduction of taxation. In regard to the general bonding bill, it was necessary at present, in many instances, for the maker to place his goods on the market as soon as manufactured, and before the article was fit for use.

There was every prospect of having all these measures passed at the next session of Congress, but it was necessary to be patient. There was a wonderful ignorance at Washington in regard to this industry and the interest California has in it, and Congressmen were afraid to take hold of the measures at once without giving them careful attention. A short discussion arose at the close of the address as to getting the Republican and Democratic conventions to embody in their platforms a clause in relation to the demands of the viticulturists. Mr. Wetmore will try to obtain a hearing from the committees and present the claim for a reform in the internal revenue laws so far as they affect the grape growers and wine makers.

FRUIT QUARANTINE.

Northern Fruit Men Warned Not to Ship Bugs.

The following circular speaks for itself:

LOS ANGELES COUNTY QUARANTINED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19, 1886. *To Agents and Fruit

Los Angeles Daily Times—Supplement.

LOS ANGELES, WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1886.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

PASADENA.

NOT IN HOLT'S COMPANY—NEW POST-OFFICE QUARTERS.

Correspondence of the TIMES.

PASADENA, Aug. 24.—The publication in the TIMES, of the correspondence relative to the efforts of the manager of the Chicago Graphic News to collect a bill for immortalizing the name and fame of Editor Holt, of Riverside, has caused considerable comment here, where two of the Citrus Fair managers, Messrs. J. E Clarke and H. N. Rust, reside. Mr. Clarke feels indignant that his colleague, Mr. Rust, should have allowed his (Clarke's) name to be coupled with Holt's in the publication in the TIMES, and in this week's local papers he will publish a communication proving that the Graphic News has no bill and no complaint against him. By negligence on the part of the News manager or his agent, a bill was sent to Mr. Clarke for work never performed, but upon the proper showing the bill was recalled.

Various rumors have been afloat regarding Judge Magee's alleged candidacy for Congress from this district. He authorizes the statement that he is not and never has been an aspirant for that office, but has constantly urged the renomination of Colonel Markham. Judge Magee is being put forward for the State Senate, however, and if this nomination is tendered him, he has an honorable ambition to receive the endorsement of his party for the office, and to do all in his power to worthily fill it if elected.

The opening of the public school has been postponed until September 20th.

Postmaster Bristol has leased the lower floor of Jas. F. Smith's new brick building adjoining the Ward Bros. block on Fair Oaks avenue, and as soon as possible will fit it up in elegant style and move the postoffice thereto. The room will be 50x30 feet, and will be well lighted and convenient. Better quarters for the postoffice will be appreciated by the public.

B. W. Bates is registering voters at the San Gabriel Valley Bank, under his commission as Deputy County Clerk.

A petition to the City Council to prohibit smoking by minors will probably be presented at an early day.

On Thursday evening the brethren of the A. O. U. W. of Pasadena will receive and entertain the Select Knights of Los Angeles, when it is hoped a legion of the S. K. will be formed here. All Workmen will be invited to participate in the reception, which will include a supper at the Grand Hotel.

Alonzo Powers' pretty place, on the corner of Marengo avenue and Concord street, has been bought by W. W. Webster, late of Denver, for $5000.

Gospel Truth.

Springfield Republican.]

If the theory of mistake be accepted, it is at least incumbent upon those guilty of so tragic a mistake to make ample provision of indemnity to Crawford's family and dependents, and to render an apology for the mistake itself. The Crawford case was, in fact, a far worse outrage upon our international rights and our sensibilities than the cases of Cutting and Rasures put together, and more worthy a stern attitude on the part of our Government. Capt. Crawford was an American army officer engaged in hunting the enemies of both Mexico and the United States upon Mexican soil, in pursuance of a well understood convention allowing our forces to cross the frontier for that purpose. He was shot down in cold blood, under circumstances which made it difficult to accept the theory that the Mexican force supposed they were attacking Indians.

Here and There.

An American, recently returned from England, compared the price of living in that country and America. Canned goods are about the same price that they are here. Fair milk can be had for eight cents—four pence, English—a quart. House rent is much cheaper in some parts of England than here. In the Isle of Wight a six-room house, brick, with a small garden, can be had for a dollar a week. Clothes from the tailor, made to order, cost about half what they do in America, but there are a large number of articles which cost about the same in both countries.

They Like Him in New York.

New York Times.]

I have a friend that insists that he has information that Rollin M. Squire is contemplating turning his present public disgrace to good commercial account by attempting to float out a volume of poetry while the fight over his sickening record goes on, depending upon the morbid curiosity of the public and lively, if not complimentary, advertising that Mayor Grace is giving him. It is not a ridiculous idea; Squire is the man to try just that thing—and think it clever.

She Found It Out in the Paper.

Merchant Traveller.]

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Tocker, "I've found out in the paper that when you are playing cards some one may bring in a cold deck. Now, Charley, dear, you know there is consumption in your family, and I hope that when you play at the club you'll wear gloves, or else take care to have the cards warmed before you use them."

Losses of the War.

The number of Union soldiers captured by the Confederates during the rebellion was 212,608. The number of Confederates captured by the Union troops was 476,169. The number of Union troops who died while prisoners was 29,725, or a little more than one in seven of all captured. The number of Confederates who died while prisoners was 26,774, or very nearly one in eighteen.

General Grant's Height.

A letter written by Colonel Frederick D. Grant gives the exact height of his father as 5 feet 8 inches. His chest measurement was about 38 inches; his weight in April, 1861, was 135 pounds, and in June, 1865, 143 pounds.

Arrived at Last!

The two carloads of REFRIGERATORS that have been overdue for the last two weeks are in and on exhibition at

PECK & RUGGLES',

236 N. Main Street, Baker Block.

Anyone desirous of purchasing a

Pure Dry Air Refrigerator

Can surely be pleased, as we have about twenty-five different styles, ranging in price from

$12.50 to $200.

Remember the

Baldwin Dry Air Refrigerator.

PECK & RUGGLES,

Pacific Coast Agents, 236 N. Main

Electro-Magnetism

The new Means of Cure.

Dr. E. Robbins' Electro-Magnetic Institute cor. First and Spring sts. (entrance on First st.), is now fitted up, at considerable expense, with everything that is necessary to cure chronic and so-called incurable diseases, by the finest electrical apparatuses in the world. Turkish and Russian baths; also electric sulphur baths. Dr. Robbins has had several years' experience in the Australian colonies, San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Denver, and three years in Los Angeles, and hundreds of leading citizens can testify to the wonderful effects of electricity in curing cases of chronic diseases when all else had failed, and therefore all persons suffering should try this new remedy before abandoning all hope. After every treatment the patient are treated with the Massage treatment, by persons of their own sex. The Doctor diagnoses diseases without explanation from the patient, free of charge. Telephone No 70.

Ruptures.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE AT Smith's Hotel cor. Los Angeles and Commercial streets, room 23, until the 17th inst., and will receive orders for the manufacture of TRUSSES. Trusses made to suit cases of rupture, hernia, varicose veins and all kindred ailments. The following testimonial shows my standing at my home:

SANTA BARBARA, Aug 13, 1886.

The bearer, Joseph Faudrey, has made several trusses for hernia very satisfactorily, and we would recommend him to surgeons requiring such service.

Respectfully,
R. F. WINCHESTER, M. D.
S. B. P. KNOX, M. D.
J. MARKS, M D.
C. B BATES, M. D.
W. A. WILLIAMS, M. D

Orders will be received, and trusses afterwards manufactured will be forwarded from Santa Barbara. I studied my trade in Europe, and am thoroughly proficient in every department of it.

Varicose veins cured as a specialty.

Faudrey's application for ruptures supplied toorder. JOSEPH FAUDREY.

J. G. ESTUDILLO. W. GILBERT

Gilbert & Estudillo,

Real Estate and Collection Agency,

104 N. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

ASSUME ENTIRE CHARGE OF PROPerty, Collect Rents, Pay Taxes, Insurance, etc. Correspondence solicited.

W. P. ROSS. H. P. ERNST

ERNST & ROSS.

Real Estate and General Commission AGENTS.

Room 10, Phillips Block, No. 38 North Main Street, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Rents collected, property taken charge of, money loaned, correspondence solicited, etc.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Michael De Mar, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Michael De Mar, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, at the office of Wells, Van Dyke & Lee, Rooms 11 to 18 Baker Block, Los Angeles, Cal., the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the said county of Los Angeles.

J. A. FISHER,
Administrator of the estate of Michael De Mar, deceased.

Wells, Van Dyke & Lee, Attorneys for administrator.

Dated at Los Angeles, Cal., August 2, 1886.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Samuel Sampson, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Samuel Sampson, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator at the office of Wells, Van Dyke & Lee, Rooms 11 to 18, Baker Block, Los Angeles, Cal., that being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the said county of Los Angeles.

JAMES A. FISHER,
Administrator of the estate of Samuel Sampson, deceased.

Dated at Los Angeles, Cal., July 28, 1886.

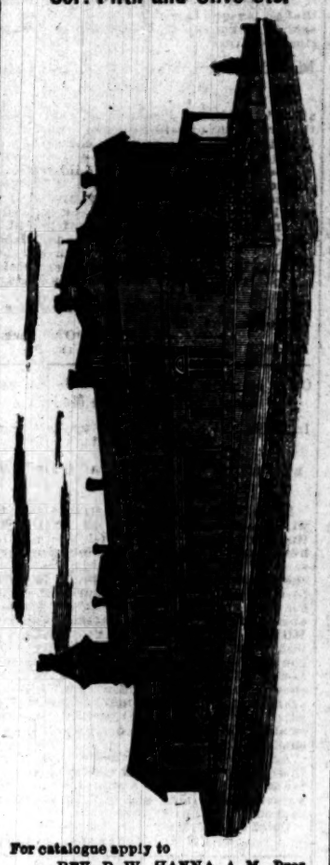
Wells, Van Dyke & Lee, Attorneys for Administrator.

Los Angeles College,

DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL,

For Young Ladies,

Cor. Fifth and Olive Sts.



For catalogue apply to
REV. D. W. HANNA, A. M., Pres.
Fall term opens September 8, 1886.

Alamitos Beach—Notice.

In appreciation of the interest taken in our NEW SEASIDE TOWN,

ALAMITOS BEACH,

manifested by many comments, as well as numerous applications for lots, we have decided to reduce the price of all

Lots on Ocean Avenue $100 Each

until SEPTEMBER 15, 1886, at which time the original price per lot will be restored.

Alamitos Beach is an extension of Long Beach on the east. Ocean ave. extends Ocean Park ave. along the bluff two miles. Lots on the south of Ocean ave. are 55 feet wide by 180 feet and over in depth. All lots on the north side of Ocean ave. are: corner lots 45 feet wide; inside lots 55 feet wide by 150 feet deep, except business lots, which are 50x100 feet. Artesian water, pure and abundant, will be piped along the streets by next winter or spring. This town is beautiful for situation. The finest location on the beach is reserved for a cosmopolitan hotel.

Maps will be ready for distribution in a few days.

Ample railroad facilities will be provided in due time.

Parties who desire to purchase, can apply to G. W. ELWOOD, Agent, Long Beach, Cal.

JOHN W. BIXBY & CO.

RED CLOVER.

Needham's Red Clover Blossoms and extracts prepared from the blossoms, cures Cancer, Salt Rheum, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood; will also clear the complexion of all pimples and eruptions; is a sure cure for Constipation, Piles and many other diseases. Both laxative and tonic. Needham's Red Clover cures after everything else fails. For full particulars, testimonials of cures, etc., address the agent, M CHESTER, Intelligence Office, 35 S. Spring st., Los Angeles, next door to Childress Bank.

FRUHLING BROS.,

Housesmiths and General Blacksmiths

No. 54 S. Los Angeles St.

All kinds of Housesmithing done in first-class style.

Dilapidated Wooden Cresting Replaced

With the Latest Patterns in Iron.

Cresting, Wrought-Iron Fencing and Railing a specialty.

CHICAGO

WALL PAPER

HOUSE.

143 and 145 S. SPRING ST.,

Los Angeles, Cal.

NOTICE.

The agency of the GRAFF CELEBRATED DIAMOND COAL OIL BURNER, which gives the best of satisfaction and which was on exhibition at the postoffice has been given to

PARMELEE'S BAZAR,

106 to 112 N. Main st.,

LOS ANGELES.

W. H. PERRY

Lumber and Mill Co.'s

Lumber Yard and Planing Mills,

COMMERCIAL STREET.

McPherron Academy.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR *Young Men and Boys* Grand Avenue, between Sixth and Seventh Streets. Fall Term opens SEPTEMBER 23, 1886. For Catalogues, address

McPHERRON BROS.,
328 Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, Cal.

Miscellaneous.

For Sale!

A FEW BARGAINS.

$1100—Two beautiful lots on the right side of the st., all fenced and set to fruit trees; size 57½x158½; very cheap.

$4000—7 acres just outside city; 5 acres in bearing fruit; house of 5 rooms; well, windmill, tank, etc.; splendid soil and plenty of water; certainly cheap.

$1600—One acre on Washington st

$2000—Cottage of four nice rooms; bath and pantry; large lot, on the right side of a splendid street; considerable furniture included; certainly a lovely home at a bargain.

$2300—House and 3 lots on Temple-street cable road; see it.

$2000—House of 5 rooms; large and airy; bay window, etc.; good-sized lot; only ten minutes' walk from Temple block.

Several splendid bargains in fruit and alfalfa ranches; also ranches to subdivide.

Lands in Iowa, Minnesota, Texas, etc., to exchange.

$1850—Beautiful cottage on a nice lot, lovely avenue. Splendid neighborhood; 4 rooms, bath, pantry, etc. Just a lovely place. See it.

$2100—Lot on west side of Flower street, near Sixth; 60x165; bargain.

$6000—9 acres of the very best fruit land at Vernon; nearly all in bearing fruit and nuts; splendid bargain.

$650—Lot 60x181 on Orange ave.; cheap.

$6500—Very choice residence on the right side of Hill st.; close in; splendid location; six rooms, bath, pantry and closets; cheapest home on Hill st., and one of the very best bargains offered.

$7500—Magnificent lot on the right side of prominent street, 62x244 to a 30-foot alley; two lines of street cars and electric mast are already at the place; only a few steps from Pearl st; certainly the finest lot now offered for this money.

$4500—Lot 50x167; Grand avenue, on the clean side.

Desirable property in all parts of the city and country. Money to loan.

LAMB & GRIFFIN,
19 West First st., Widney Block.

AUCTION SALE

—OF THE—

FASHION

Livery Stable Stock!

Main st., Opp. Baker Block,

On Saturday, Aug. 28 1886,

AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.

Being obliged to make room for the new Postoffice building by September 1st, I have determined to sell my entire outfit, consisting of three Cunningham Curtain Landeaus, nearly new, with harness; three Rockaways, six buggies, twenty head of first-class road and family horses, twenty sets double and single harness. Large assortment of nice robes.

Am at my place of business from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m. every day, and will in the meantime sell any or all my stock at private sale at bargains. Giving at private and public sale ninety days time, with approved paper, on all sales amounting to $150 or over.

GEO. R. BUTLER, Propr.

NOYES & DENNIN, Auctioneers.

DR. WOOD'S LIVER REGULATOR

UNIVERSAL VEGETABLE PANACEA OF CONCENTRATED EXTRACTS.

Prepared from the Active Medicinal Properties Contained in Mandrake, Dandelion, Butternut, Black Root, Bog Bane, Bitter Root, Blood Root, Calisaya Bark, Barberry Bark, Sweet Flag, Indian Hemp, Wa-a-Hoo, Golden Seal, etc.

For the Speedy and Permanent Relief of the most hopeless cases of Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chills and Fever, Disordered Digestion, Sick Headache, General Debility,

And all other diseases arising from a Bilious State of the stomach, or an inactive or Diseased Liver.

REDINGTON & CO., S. F., Wholesale Agt's
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

DON'T BUY A RANGE

—Until you have seen the—

NEW MODEL MEDALLION

—The Best and Most Economical—

RANGE

EVER PUT ON THE MARKET.

Hardware, Rubber and Leather Belting Rubber Hose, Cotton Hose, Iron Pipe, Pumps, Shovels, Spades, Forks and Rakes, Spray Pumps for the Scale Bug, Stamped Ware, Agate Ware, Tin and Steel Iron Ware (our own make). The

Best Selected Stock in Town,

And as low as can be bought anywhere

Sanitary Plumbing, Metal Roofing.

Artesian Well Pipe a Specialty

—THE BEST STOCK OF—

Refrigerators, Water Filterer and Coolers

In the City, and the Cheapest

W. C. FURREY

59 and 61 Spring St.

McBratney & Howry,

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS,

40 N. Main Street,

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

Miscellaneous.

IT HAS COME AT LAST!

PLEASANT HOMES

For the People.

Anyone Can Acquire a Pleasant Home With Small Monthly Savings.

LOTS WITH HOUSES ON INSTALLMENT PLAN.

Electric Railroad Homestead Tract

ON PICO HEIGHTS.

CHARMING VIEW!

PURE AIR!

PURE WATER

Pico Street Electric Railway will be Immediately Constructed Past the Property.

That splendid property between Pico and Ninth streets, on Pico Heights, to be subdivided into lots, and sold on the installment plan.

Price of Lots Only $290.

First payment $20 cash down; succeeding payments $10 per month, without interest.

ONE HOUSE WITH EACH 11 LOTS

In value from $600 to $4000, without extra charge.

Ten Dollars worth of tickets on Electric Railway with each lot.

Lots to be distributed by mutual agreement, similar to Childs' tract distribution.

The deeds for this property held for the Association by F. C. Howes, Cashier of Los Angeles National Bank, as trustee.

Books will be opened for subscribers on June 1st, at the office of the Electric Railway Homestead Association, Room 8, Schumacher Block, opposite Postoffice.

I. X. L. HOSE.

GUARANTEED THE BEST.

Harper and Reynolds Company

48 and 50 MAIN ST.

HELP WANTED!

No. 12 Court Street, Op. Old Court House.

Help Furnished on Short Notice. Orders from the Country Promptly Attended To.

TELEPHONE NO. 509.

Martin's Employment Office.

STATE AND COAST.

About 180 hands are employed at Black's Santa Rosa cannery.

The railroad company is doing considerable bridge building on the Santa Cruz road.

The decrease in the number of school census children in Solano has been ninety-one in one year.

The centennial anniversary of the founding of the Santa Barbara Mission will be celebrated on September 3d.

It is estimated by wine men that fully 1,000,000 gallons of wine will be made in Napa City alone this year.

Ventura Free Press: The oil interests of this county are in a more healthy condition than ever before. The new wells are doing exceedingly well, we learn.

The Yuma Sentinel says: The days have been cool, the thermometer not reaching above 102 degrees during the past week. Won't some one send us our great coat and mittens?

Many of the hop-growers around Sacramento refuse to accede to the demand of the Chinese pickers for 90 cents per 100 pounds, and are endeavoring to get white help—men, women and boys—to do the work.

It is thought, says the Sacramento Bee, that the Southern Pacific Company would not be building 200 fruit cars if they entertained an idea that large quantities of fruit would not be shipped East. The department in which these cars are made presents a very busy scene. Over forty cars are on side-tracks waiting for roof material to arrive from the East. As soon as the cars are roofed they will be put on the road.

The San Diego Union says: The parties who lately purchased the land adjacent to the Mussel Beds have begun sinking a three-inch well for oil. The strong indications of oil in that vicinity cause the proprietors to have confidence in their ultimate success. The well is being sunk on the very verge of the cliff; so near, in fact, to the edge, that the spray from the surf almost strikes the derrick.

Complimentary to Dr. Fay.

From the Christian Register, Boston.

LOS ANGELES, CAL.—A lady, once a resident of Roxbury district and a parishioner of Dr. Putnam's, writes in a private letter: "Perhaps you would like to hear of Unitarianism in Los Angeles. Rev. Eli Fay has been preaching here for two years, and the interest in his preaching grows more and more intense. Strangers ask, 'What church shall we attend?' The answer is invariably, 'Oh, Dr. Fay's, by all means.' One lady said to me yesterday, 'I look forward all the week to Sunday.' And, for myself, I must say, during my long life, with all the opportunities I have enjoyed of hearing good preaching, he is the first man to hear whom no day is too hot or physical weakness too great to prevent my going to church. He is, in my view, as in that of others, one of the men of the age. Clear, logical, forceful, with a remarkable delivery, his sermons hold one's attention from beginning to end; and you leave the church so impressed by the earnestness and the reality of the convictions of the speaker that a responsive chord is struck in the soul of the listener, and it seems to me the world must be the better for his mission in it. The congregation met in a hall when we first came here; but, for several months, we have occupied the opera house, the only available place in the way of room. I understand Dr. Fay himself has given a lot of land on which to erect a church, and the ladies have had a large and enthusiastic meeting to see what they could do to help. It was decided to have a 'Bazaar of Nations,' and to hold it some time in the winter, when strangers will be glad to purchase souvenirs of their western trip.

What Santa Barbara Wants.

San Francisco Call.]

The Southern coast counties are feeling the stimulus which the advent of railroads produces, and are already in the market with lands for the immigrants who are certain to come speedily after communication is opened with the rest of the State. Santa Barbara County points with some degree of pride to an assessed acreage of 982,163 and a total area of 1,450,000 acres. Here is a single county in this State, now being opened to settlement, whose population in 1880, was but 9,522, which is larger than the State of Rhode Island (674,644 acres, 276,531 population), larger than Delaware (1,356,800 acres, 146,608 population). It is only by comparisons such as these that persons at a distance can be made to understand how much room California has which it wishes occupied. Such figures should be scattered abroad. They will set people who are looking toward California, to thinking, and the effect is certain to be good. Santa Barbara evidently has room for a good many more thousands of inhabitants than she now holds.

It Won't Be Popular.

The Moransburg (Pa.) Journal announces a new snake remedy. About two weeks ago a young man was bitten in the ankle by a large copperhead snake. Whisky was applied externally and internally, but in an hour or two the limb had swollen to such an extent that serious consequences were feared. The lad's father then placed his son's foot in a basin and poured coal oil in the receptacle until the wound was covered. Not long after a substance resembling quicksilver was noticed in the oil, and the young man found relief. Next day he was sufficiently recovered to walk about.

The Candid Little Boy.

From the Texas Siftings.]

"Now, little boy, what is the meaning of the word hypocrisy?" asked an Austin Sunday school teacher of her favorite pupil.

"I can't explain what it is, but I know it all the same."

"Give me an example of hypocrisy."

"When a fellow says he loves his Sunday school teacher. That's hypocrisy."

HUMOR.

"Nothing but the air admitted free," is a notice in one Chicago theatre.

"All things come to him who can wait," is a proverb that originated in anti-restaurant times.

Woman's greatest glory is her hair, and she should be very economical of it when she is cooking.

A young man asks: "How can I gain a copious flow of language?" Step on a carpet-tack in your bare feet.

A man has invented a machine which will make 10,000 revolutions per second. He ought to find a ready sale for it in Mexico.

An oleomargarine march has been produced. We suppose, says the Musical Record, it could be sung to the words, "'Tis grease! but living grease no more."

The fact that a Boston lawyer has taken $125,000 for managing an estate worth $200,000 is being extensively commented upon. The wonder seems to be that he could be so liberal as to leave the heirs $75,000.—[Pittsburg Chronicle.

A Boston lawyer recently met his match in a witness who was giving evidence about an old lady's loss of mind. Lawyer—"Did she look as I am looking at you now, for instance?" Witness—"Well, yes; quite vacant like."—[Boston Commonwealth.

Death in Boiling Steel.

Pall Mall Gazette.]

It is long since the newspapers recorded any accident so horrible as the death of the Woolwich moulder who was overwhelmed by a cataclysm of boiling steel, and it is not often that so strange a ceremony as the burial of poor Moriarity is described in black and white. The fact is, the poor fellow is now a part of a sixty-ton gun, in which form he will continue to serve his country. Yet, oddly enough, he was buried yesterday. For some ashes and fragments of clothing were collected from the ingot and shoveled into the coffin, which was followed to the grave by what is called an imposing cortege. This solemn but consolatory farce calls to mind another case somewhat similar, which forms one of the ghastly legends of Middlesborough. A laborer had tumbled head foremost into the fiery liquid, and nothing of him was left. But they ran a coffin full of slag, held an inquest over it, and laid it in consecrated ground in the orthodox manner.

Plucky American Women.

Travelers throughout the Western states and territories report frequent meetings with Eastern women who have gone there and settled either upon Government lands which they have taken up and converted into cattle or sheep ranches, or in towns and villages, where they are making money out of their knowledge of music or art.

Yes, "Tit-Willow" and "See-Saw."

From the Kingston Freeman.]

A Kingston woman says it is "fun" to waltz by hand organ music, because the time is so correct. It is machine time, and men know just what is coming.

Lines of Travel.

Southern Pacific Company.

Time Schedule.

THURSDAY, June 10, 1886.

Trains leave and are due to arrive at

LOS ANGELES

AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE FOR	DESTINATION.	ARRIVE FROM
9:40 p.m.	Colton	12:01p.m
4:30 p.m.	Colton	9:10 a.m
3:40 p.m.	Deming and East — Express	12:01p.m
3:40 p.m.	Deming and East — Emigrant	12:01p.m
3:40 p.m.	El Paso and East	12:01p.m
12:30 p.m.	San Francisco and Sacramento — Express	2:10p.m
12:30 p.m.	San Francisco and Sacramento — Emigr'nt	2:10p.m
*9:50 a.m.	Santa Ana and Anaheim	*3:15p.m
4:20 p.m.	Santa Ana and Anaheim	8.40a.m
9:30 a.m.	Santa Monica	5:10 p.m
*5:10 p.m.	Santa Monica	*4:20p.m
†5:50 p.m.	Santa Monica	†5:20p.m
9:40 a.m.	Long Beach, Wilmington & San Pedro	5:10p m
5:45 p.m.	Long Beach, Wilmington & San Pedro	8:25a m

*Sundays excepted. †Sundays only.

A change has taken place in the receipt and dispatch of mails on line of railway, Los Angeles and San Pedro branch. Hereafter mails will be dispatched to Florence, Compton, Long Beach, Wilmington and San Pedro daily on train leaving Los Angeles at 9:30 a. m., and received at 5:15 p. m.

T. H. GOODMAN,
Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent

A. N. TOWNE, General Manager.
R. E. HEWITT, Ass't Supt. Los Angeles

Notice to the Traveling Public.

STAGE LINE

Commences running between

TEMECULA AND JULIAN,

Via HOT SPRINGS and BANNER MINES, carrying United States Mail, as follows:

Leaves Temecula, - - 4 a. m.
Arrives Julian, - - - 6 p. m.

Leaves Temecula every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

Office, TEMECULA HOTEL.

MOUREN & BANKS, Proprietors.

Notice to the Traveling Public!

—THE—

Coast Line Stage Company

A. L. SEELEY & CO., Props.,

Commence running on JULY 1, 1886, a daily coach line between Los Angeles and Ventura, via San Fernando Valley, Newberry Park, Springville, etc., carrying U. S. Mail as follows:

Leave Los Angeles at 6 a. m., arriving at Ventura 6:30 p. m.

Returning, leave Ventura at 6 a. m., arriving at Los Angeles 6:30 p. m.

Office: St. Charles Hotel, Los Angeles.

Lines of Travel.

P. C. S. S. CO.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

SOUTHERN ROUTES.

TIME TABLE FOR AUGUST:

Steamers.	COMING SOUTH. Leave San Francisco.	COMING SOUTH. Arrive San Pedro.	GOING NORTH. Leave San Pedro.	GOING NORTH. Arrive San Francisco.
G. W. Elder	July 28	July 30	Aug. 1	Aug. 3
Santa Rosa	" 31	Aug. 2	" 4	" 6
Los Angeles	Aug. 1	" 3	" 4	" 7
Orizaba	" 3	" 5	" 7	" 9
Eureka	" 5	" 7	" 8	" 11
G. W. Elder	" 8	" 8	" 10	" 12
Santa Rosa	" 9	" 11	" 13	" 15
Los Angeles	" 10	" 12	" 13	" 16
Orizaba	" 12	" 14	" 16	" 18
Eureka	" 14	" 16	" 17	" 20
G. W. Elder	" 15	" 17	" 19	" 21
Santa Rosa	" 18	" 20	" 22	" 24
Los Angeles	" 19	" 21	" 22	" 26
Orizaba	" 21	" 23	" 26	" 27
Eureka	" 23	" 25	" 26	" 29
G. W. Elder	" 24	" 26	" 28	" 30
Santa Rosa	" 27	" 29	" 31	Sept. 2
Los Angeles	" 2[illegible]	" 30	" 31	" 3
Orizaba	" 30	Sept. 1	Sept 3	" 5

Steamers Santa Rosa, Orizaba and Geo. W. Elder go through to San Diego, leaving San Pedro on the dates of their arrivals from San Francisco.

The Santa Rosa, Orizaba and Geo. W. Elder call at Santa Barbara and Port Harford (San Luis Obispo) only on the route to and from San Francisco.

Cars to connect with steamers leave S. P. R. R. depot, Los Angeles, as follows:

With Santa Rosa, Orizaba and Geo. W. Elder, at 9:40 o'clock a. m.

With Los Angeles and Eureka, going north, at 5:45 o'clock p. m. railroad time.

Rates of Fare

FROM LOS ANGELES.

	Cabin.	Steerage.
To San Francisco	$15 00	$10 00
To San Francisco and return	26 20	

From Los Angeles to San Francisco by steamer and return by rail, including berth and meals on steamer only, first-class $32.00.

FROM SAN PEDRO WHARF

To Monterey or Santa Cruz	14 00	9 50
To San Simeon	12 00	9 00
To Cayucos	11 50	9 00
To Port Harford	10 50	8 00
To Gaviota	9 00	7 00
To Santa Barbara	8 00	5 00
To San Buenaventura	5 00	4 00
To San Diego	8 00	4 00

Plans of steamers' cabins at agent's office, where berths may be secured.

For Newport Landing, via Santa Cruz, etc., freight steamers leave San Francisco about every two weeks, as tides serve on the Newport bar.

The Company reserves the right to change the steamers or their days of sailing.

For passage or freight as above, or for tickets to and from all important points in Europe, apply to H. McLELLAN, Agent, office No. 8 Commercial street, Los Angeles.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL sail for NEW YORK via PANAMA, and Way Ports:

WILMINGTON, Wednesday, July 28, 10 a. m.
GRANADA, Saturday, July 31, 10 a. m.

For ports of call see Guide.

Tickets to New York at greatly reduced rates: Cabin $75; steerage, $30.

Passengers booked through to and from Europe by any line.

For Hongkong, via Yokohama,
CITY OF PEKING.....August 11, at 2 p. m.
CITY OF SYDNEY.....August 31, at 2 p. m.

Excursion tickets to Yokohama and return at reduced rates.

For freight and passage apply at the office, corner First and Brannan sts

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO.,
General Agents.

CALIFORNIA SOUTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

ALL RAIL LINE BETWEEN NATIONAL City, San Diego and Los Angeles and points East and West.

Close connection at Barstow with Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, and at Los Angeles with Southern Pacific Railroad.

TIME TABLE.

Taking Effect SUNDAY, June 20.

		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Los Angeles	Leave	7.00	9 10	5.00
San Gabriel		7.20	9 26	5.20
Pomona		8.15	10.20	6.10
Colton	Arrive	9.00	11.10	*7.00
Colton	Leave	.....	11.15	7 50
Citrus		.....	11.25	8.05
Perris		....	12.03	9.30
Fall Brook	Arrive	...	1 35	12.30
*Fall Brook	Leave	.....	1.55	12 45
Oceanside		.....	2.45	2.15
San Diego		.....	4.30	6.05
National City	Arrive	.....	4.50	6.30
Colton	Leave	9.15	.....	.....
San Bernardino		9 40	.....	.....
Victor		12.08	.....	.....
Barstow	Arrive	1.20	.....	.....
		P. M.		
Barstow	Leave	2.55	.....	.....
Victor		4.05	.....	.....
San Bernardino		6.05	.....	.....
Colton	Arrive	6.25	.....	.....
			A. M.	P. M.
National City	Leave	.....	8.25	10.00
San Diego		.....	8.45	10 45
Oceanside		.....	10.36	2.15
*Fall Brook	Arrive	.....	11 20	.....
Fall Brook	Leave	.....	11 40	3.30
Perris		.....	1.07	5.55
*Colton	Arrive	.....	2 00	7.30
Colton	Leave	7 00	2.15	8 00
Pomona		7.50	3.02	8.55
San Gabriel		8.40	3 52	9 45
Los Angeles	Arrive	9 0	4.15	10.10

BETWEEN COLTON AND SAN BERNARDINO

	A. M.	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
Colton Lv	7.40	11.5	2.10	7.25
San Bernardino Ar	7.50	11.35	2.20	7 35
San Bernardino L	9.00	20 55	1.40	7 00
Colton Ar	7.10	11.05	1.50	7.10

RIVERSIDE BRANCH.

	Mix'd A. M.	Mix'd P. M.	Pas. A. M
Colton Leave	10.00	7 15	11.25
Citrus	10 15	7.30	11.30
Riverside Arrive	10.30	8 00	11.40
			P. M.
Riverside Leave	8.30	5.30	1.30
Citrus	8.45	5 45	1.40
Colton Arrive	9.00	6.00	2.00

* Meal stations.

Trains are run on Pacific standard time.

Pullman Sleepers leave on 7 a. m. train, via Barstow, for Kansas City, via A. and P. and A., T. and S. F. R. R., and on 5 p. m. train for San Diego. Special rates on round trip tickets to all local points.

For rates of freight or fare address California Southern agents at local stations, or

R. B. WILKINS,
General Freight and Passenger Agent.
San Diego, Cal.
J. H. VICTOR,
Superintendent, Colton, Cal.
WILLIAMSON DUNN,
General Agent, Los Angeles, Cal.

Los Angeles & San Gabriel Valley RAILWAY.

Trains leave and are due to arrive at Downey Avenue Depot as follows:

Leave For	Destination.	Arrive From
† 8:25 am	Pasadena & Lamanda Park	†10:50 am
† 3:10 pm	Pasadena & Lamanda Park	† 5.00 pm
† 6:25 pm	..... Santa Anita	† 8:00 am
*10:30 am	..... Santa Anita	* 9:25 am
* 5:40 pm	..... Santa Anita	* 4:45 pm

† Daily except Sundays. * Sundays only.

L. BLANKENHORN,
Gen. Pgt. and Pass. Agt.

S. P. JEWETT, General Manager.

Legal.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT

Of the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

Order to show cause why order of Sale of Real Estate should not be made.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF S. H. Towne, deceased.—Julia A. Towne, administratrix of the estate of S. H. Towne deceased, having filed her petition herein praying for an order of sale of the real estate and personal property of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth, and also for an order determining and setting apart to said Julia A. Towne her separate interest in the real property described in said petition, it is therefore ordered by the said court, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, appear before the said Superior Court on

Monday, the 6th day of September, 1886,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the courtroom of said Superior Court at the Courthouse in the city and county of Los Angeles, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said administratrix to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased as shall be necessary, and the personal property aforesaid, and for an order setting apart the separate estate aforesaid

And that a copy of said order be published at least four successive weeks in the LOS ANGELES DAILY TIMES, a newspaper printed and published in said county of Los Angeles.

Dated July 27, 1886.
A. BRUNSON, Superior Judge.
Filed July 27, 1886.
CHAS. H. DUNSMOOR, Clerk.
By F. B. FANNING, Deputy Clerk.

Order to Show Cause Why a Sale of Real Estate Should Not Be Made.

In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Patrick McHugh, deceased.

Robert Devine, the administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Patrick McHugh, deceased, having filed his petition herein duly verified, praying for an order of sale of the real estate of said deceased, for the purposes therein set forth, it is therefore ordered by the said Court that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before the said Superior Court on MONDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1886 at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the courtroom of said court, at the courthouse in Los Angeles city (in Department No. 1) to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said administrator with the will annexed to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased at private sale as shall be necessary.

And, it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the LOS ANGELES DAILY TIMES, a newspaper printed and published in the said county of Los Angeles.

Dated July 26, 1886.
A. BRUNSON, Judge of said Court.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Sebastian Brandoni, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Sebastian Brandoni, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, at the office of Wells, Van Dyke & Lee, rooms 11 to 18 Baker block Los Angeles, Cal., the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the said County of Los Angeles.

J. A. FISHER,
Administrator of the estate of Sebastian Brandoni deceased.
Wells, Van Dyke & Lee, attorneys for administrator.
Dated at Los Angeles, Cal., August 2, 1886.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Maria Gabriella Mendibles de Labandelifer, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Maria Gabriella Mendibles de Labandelifer, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator at the office of Wells, Van Dyke & Lee, Rooms 11 to 18, Baker Block, Los Angeles, Cal., the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in the county of Los Angeles.

Dated at Los Angeles, Cal., August 24, 1886.
JAMES A. FISHER,
Administrator of the estate of Maria Gabriella Mendibles de Labandelifer, deceased.
Wells, Van Dyke & Lee, attorneys for administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Peter Mitchel, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Peter Mitchell, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator at the office of Wells, Van Dyke & Lee, Rooms 11 to 18, Baker Block, Los Angeles, Cal., the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in the county of Los Angeles

Dated Los Angeles, Cal., August 24, 1886.
JAMES A. FISHER,
Administrator of the estate of Peter Mitchell, deceased.
Wells, Van Dyke & Lee, attorneys for administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

In the matter of the estate of P. J. Marley, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, the administrator of the estate of P. J. Marley, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator at the office of P. W. Dooner, Attorney-at-law, Rooms (South) Nos. 4 and 8, Downey Block, Main st., Los Angeles City, Cal.

WM. A. SPALDING,
Administrator of the estate of P. J. Marley, deceased.

Notice to Creditors.

In the matter of the Estate of Hill Sickler, Sr., deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, the administrator of the estate of Hill Sickler, Sr., deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator at the office of P. W. Dooner, attorney-at-law, Rooms (South) Nos. 4 and 8, Downey Block, Main st., Los Angeles City, Cal.

ALONZO F. SICKLER,
Administrator of the estate of Hill Sickler, Sr., deceased.

NOTICE

I HAVE THIS 30TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1886, sold all my interest in the grocery business of the firm of Franklin & Donahue, at No. 13 S. Main st., Los Angeles, Cal., to M. H. Franklin, who will assume all my liabilities and rights in such firm, and I most heartily recommend the new firm to all my former patrons. A. J. FRANKLIN.

FOR SALE.

A Five-Acre Home.

I WILL SELL, AT A BARGAIN, A FIVE-acre place near the University, within two blocks of the Main street and Agricultural Park street railroad. All kinds of fruit trees and grapes. A new house, with 7 rooms, bathroom and closets, 3 porches and double bay window front. Artesian water and windmill; stable, etc. The best of land; does not require irrigation. Inquire of Dr. J. ADAMS, at the Medical and Surgical Dispensary, opposite St. Elmo Hotel.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

No. 226 N. Main St.,

DAWSON, KRAFT & LANG, Proprietors,

Los Angeles City.

Massive Brick Structure! Gas in all the Rooms!
Free Coach from all the Trains!
Five Lines of Street and Cable Cars Pass the Door!

Lady Waiters. White Cooks.

It is the Most Popular Resort in the City. It is Newly Furnished Throughout. All the Delicacies of the Season Always on the Table. The Choicest Meats are Selected, and Finest Fruits, Vegetables, Etc.

Parties will always receive courteous and prompt attention. We aim to Please and satisfy our customers.

DAWSON, KRAFT & LANG, Proprs.,
226 North Main Stree

Bonnie Brae Tract!

LOTS 50x150.

On Line of Central Street-Railroad.

Panoramic View, City Water, Elevated Location, Best Neighborhood, Maps Free.

DOBINSON & FAIRCHILD,

42 North Spring Street.

WOOD AND COAL

in quantities to suit. We have a large supply of

WELLINGTON COAL and GALLUP COAL.

A Big Stock of Kindling Wood.

HAY, GRAIN, ETC.

Charcoal Always on Hand.

Orders promptly filled and delivered to any part of the city free. Telephone 226.

FRED SALISBURY,

No. 253 SOUTH SPRING STREET, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

THE NEW HAMMAM BATHS,

76 and 78 S. Main St., Los Angeles,

Have changed hands, and are now under NEW MANAGEMENT, whose aim it will be to make them what they should be, viz.: A luxury as well as a source of health to the public. This establishment is the only one of the kind in Southern California, and at no other place on the Coast (outside of San Francisco) can

TURKISH, RUSSIAN, ROMAN, *ELECTRIC, MEDICATED, MERCURIAL,* *SULPHUR, VAPOR, PLUNGE,*

and other baths be had as they are given at this place. We have the *most polite and experienced attendants, the most luxurious rooms* for a quiet rest after the bath, and can accommodate any number of gentlemen who desire to remain all night—and at no further charge. The Ladies' department is on the second floor, is as private as any lady's home could be made, and for comfort, privacy and accommodation is not surpassed. Gentlemen's department open from 9 a. m. to midnight. Ladies department from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Baths $1; six tickets $5. Electricity applied free of charge. No free passes or complimentary tickets, or any other but coupon tickets, heretofore issued, are good.

M. J. TODD, Proprietor.
F. R. MULLARD, Manager and Supt.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION,

By Local Applications to Gums Only

DR. SMITH more than two years ago gold-capped a number of my teeth that I thought were lost. They are as good as new. G. E. LONG, First National Bank.

More than one year ago DR. SMITH gold-capped some of my teeth that I thought would have to be extracted. I now consider them par excellence. A. N. HAMILTON, Deputy County Clerk.

My daughter's teeth were so badly deformed that I thought to have some of them extracted. DR. SMITH in a short time straightened them. MRS. T. FREEMON, Los Angeles.

U. SMITH,

THE WELL-KNOWN DENTIST,

Has opened a Branch Dentistry Department adjoining his present office,

CORNER OF TEMPLE AND SPRING STREETS,

(Over Harris' Clothing Store),

Where Sets of Teeth are made for the low price of $6 and $7 each

G. A. R.

Los Angeles Ostrich Farm and Zoological Gardens

Will be Open to the Veterans and their Friends for One Week. Admission Half Usual Prices, 25 Cents.

C. J. SKETCHLEY & Co., Props.

KERCKHOFF, CUZNER MILL AND LUMBER CO.

—DEALERS IN—

LUMBER, DOORS, BLINDS,

WINDOWS, MOULDINGS, LATH, PICKETS, SHINGLES.

Corner Alameda and Macy Streets, Los Angeles, Cal.

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA OF EASTERN HARDWOODS such as OAK, HICKORY, ASH, WALNUT and POPLAR, which we will sell at San Francisco prices. Also PARQUETRY FLOORING, made of MAHOGANY, ROSEWOOD, Walnut and [illegible] variety of patterns.

TO PROPERTY OWNERS AND THOSE ABOUT TO BUILD.

Having located in Los Angeles, after ten years' practice in San Francisco, I desire to present my card to the residents of Southern California, and shall endeavor to merit their esteem.

JOHN C. PELTON, JR., Architect,
Wilson Block, No. 124 W. First st.